THE ERIE OBSERVER.

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Erie Weekly Observer.

A. P. DURLIN & CO., PROPRIETORS.
B. F. SLOAN, Editor.
OFFICE, CORNER STATE ST. AND PUBLIC SQUARE, ERIE.

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[illegible] Jobbers, and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, [illegible] Glassware, Carpeting, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, [illegible] Empire Stores State Street, four doors below [illegible] Hotel, Erie, Pa.
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Attorney and Counsellor at Law—Office over C. B. Wright's [illegible] one door west of State street, on the Diamond,

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Dealers in Dry Goods, Dry Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, &c. [illegible] Brown's New Hotel.

SMITH JACKSON,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queens Ware, Lime, [illegible] &c. 121, Cheapside, Erie, Pa.

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Cabinet Maker, Upholster, and Undertaker, corner of State and [illegible] streets, Erie.

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Wholesale and Retail dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, [illegible] Glass, &c., No. 6, Reed House, Erie.

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Fashionable Merchant Tailor, on the public square, a few doors [illegible] street, Erie.

JOHN H. BURTON & CO.
Wholesale and Retail dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, [illegible] No. 5, Reed House, Erie.

DR. O. L. ELLIOTT,
Resident Dentist: Office and dwelling on the South side of the Public Square, 1st door, East of the Erie Bank Building. Teeth inserted on Gold Plate, from one to an entire sett. Carious teeth filled with pure Gold, and restored to health and usefulness. Teeth cleaned with instruments and Dentifrice so as to leave them of pellucid clearness. All work warranted.

M. CHAPIN, RESIDENT DENTIST—Office on the south side of the Diamond five doors east of the Erie Bank. Prices reasonable, and all work warranted Erie June 19 1852. 6

Poetry and Miscellany.

MY FATHER'S GRAVE.

Suggested by a Visit to it by Moonlight.

BY JOSEPH C. COSTELLO.

Soft! tread me lightly! his ashes lie there,
Where the Willow tree bows to the winds,
'Neath that green, grassy mound, father sleeps from his care,
And repose from this earth's labor finds!
Oh, how sweetly the moon from her starry throne beams,
With silvery light on his bed,
Reflecting in dew newly fall'n her streams,
As they play on the home of the dead.

I pause as I gaze on the cold sculptor'd stone,
Where father his resting place found,
And the winds 'long the pathway in sympathy moan,
As I throw myself sad on the ground!
Now memory paints scenes long since swept down,
On the tide of oblivion's dark sea,
Recalling joy's smile or adversity's frown,
As each once appeared unto me.

Now wakes the sweet dream of the fancying child,
Now the hopes of the light hearted boy:
Oh, how oft in the past was my spirit beguiled,
By vain fleeting sunbeams of joy!
In fancy I dwell once again in the cot,
Familiar in childhood's first years:
Oh, how sweet to me now seems the dear happy spot,
Once hallow'd by infancy's tears!

I see in my dream, (that I never might wake,
So soothing the mere fancy now!)
My father this form to his throbbing breast take,
And imprint a warm kiss on my brow!
His kind, gentle voice as of old now I hear,
To reprove with reproaches yet mild,
Some youthful fault or in accents dear
Approve the good act of his child.

But I sleep no more! the church yard here
Tells the sad, sad truth too plain,
And on my cheek soft affection's tear
Speaks the bursting heart's great pain.
By the side of the dead in his sleep, I kneel
And bury my face on the sod,
Yet through my grief, in my soul I feel
That my father rests with God.

PHILADELPHIA, September 9th, 1852.

SPEECH OF MR. TENEYCK,

of California, at Detroit.

IN REFERENCE TO THE SANDWICH ISLANDS AND THEIR PROFFERED CESSION TO THE UNITED STATES AND THEIR REJECTION BY THE WHIG ADMINISTRATION.

The spirit of progress of the present age is nothing more or less than the natural development of democratic ideas and principles, as taught and carried out in the practical operations and leading measures of the democratic party of this country. The democratic party is now, as it ever has been, the only party to whom the country owes its large development and progress. The whigs, as a party, have been very appropriately called the *hold back* party. That party tried to hold back the democratic party from purchasing Louisiana and Florida. They tried to hold back the democratic party from declaring war in 1812, and from a vigorous and successful prosecution of the same. They tried to hold back the democratic party from re-annexing Texas to our confederacy. They tried to hold back the democratic party, after the country was involved in the war with Mexico, from conquering a peace, by refusing to vote supplies to carry on the war, and by denouncing the war as "unholy and damnable," and our brave and victorious soldiers as "murderers and assassins," thereby endangering the success of our patriotic army and the honor of our flag, as well as the lives of our men, and endeavoring to render the war unpopular and odious. They endeavored to hold back the democratic party from acquiring New Mexico and my own adopted State, California.

If this whig party had always been in power, we should have continued in the old thirteen States. Thank Heaven it was not so. The democratic party had been in power, by the will of the people, and had administered the government, (including the administration of Gen. Washington,) forty-eight out of the sixty three years since his inauguration as President. Yes, the democratic party of this country has selected and elected the Executive head of this government, and controlled its political policy, at home and abroad, all that time, while the whig party has occupied that position, chiefly by accident, but fifteen years. During these entire sixty-three years no great leading measure of liberal, expanded, progressive political policy has originated or been suggested by the whigs; but, on the contrary, every such measure, and all the other great distinctive measures of the democratic party, which have done so much for the glory and honor of the country, the prosperity and happiness of its citizens, for the extension of the area of freedom, for the cause of freedom and the hopes of freemen throughout the world, have met with their determined opposition. During this time the States have increased from the original thirteen to thirty-one, and *twenty-seven* of them, *to day*, boast a democratic Executive. Louisiana, Florida, Texas, New Mexico and California have been acquired, and each acquisition has been looked upon by the whigs, as they blindly opposed it, as fatal to the perpetuity of our government, on the monarchical principle, or maxim, that self-government was only practicable in small or limited territories.

In strict accordance with this maxim, and in the true line of conformity with federal instincts and propensities, the present whig administration have signally demonstrated their opposition to all further progress.

It is a fact in the history of the present *Galphinised* and *Gardnerised* federal whig administration, that the proposed voluntary cession of the Sandwich Islands had been most contemptuously rejected by President Fillmore.—This I regard as one of the greatest political blunders that has ever been committed by any administration of this country, since the foundation of our government, and for which no satisfactory excuse has been, or can be rendered to the people. A simple statement of facts—which cannot be controverted—exhibits the transaction in all its national folly, as a sure working out of whig doctrine. There was a regular treaty of cession, entered into between our Commissioner to the Sandwich Islands and the King and government of that country, by which that government ceded to the U. S. the entire sovereignty and jurisdiction of that Groupe of Islands; the only consideration asked from the U. S., or accorded in the treaty, being the rights and protection accorded to our own citizens, and a pension of some 10 or $12,000 per annum to the King during his life. This treaty was negotiated at the Islands more than a year ago, and has been on the files of the State Department at Washington for nearly the same period. The present whig administration rejected the treaty, or what was tantamount thereto, gave it the *go-by*; and when called upon, last winter, for information on the subject, by a resolution of Col. Weller, U. S. Senator from California, the President declined furnishing the information called for, on the alleged ground of its "incompatibility with the public interests." These facts then establish these two points:

1st. That a treaty was negotiated, by the competent power, ceding to the U. S these Islands.

2d. That the present whig administration has either rejected the same, or by its culpable neglect, has greatly periled its consummation.

An opportunity has thus been lost, at least for the present, and perhaps forever, of making one of the most important acquisitions to our territory that has ever presented itself to us since we were a government—and all through the pusillanimity, the anti-American feeling and anti-progressive predictions and propensities of this *hold-back* federal whig administration.

The importance of these Islands as a possession of the United States, no man can estimate, when they are considered in connection with our interests in California and Oregon; with our large and immensely valuable whaling interests in the Pacific; with our already large and rapidly increasing marine in that ocean; with the agricultural products and capabilities of the Islands; with the possible event of war with any foreign power, and especially with Great Britain; with the future successful prosecution of almost illimitable commercial enterprises from California and with China, Manilla, the East Indies, Australia, the Pacific Islands and Japan. They occupy a position in the Pacific, geographically, that, if possessed by a naval power, would command the entire North Pacific ocean. In extent of territory, the group contains an area of about 7000 square miles of land, or about 4 000 000 square acres, and would easily sustain a population of 1,000,000 of inhabitants. They are within the tropics, between 18 and 23 degrees North Latitude, and between 155 and 158 degrees Longitude, west of Greenwich. They are blessed with a climate unequalled on the Globe, and possess a beauty of landscape and luxuriance of soil unsurpassed. They are capable of producing, abundantly, all the staple products and the finest fruits of the tropics. The sugar cane of the Islands is said to be the richest and most productive that grows, while the sugar, molasses and syrups manufactured from it, is counted the best and commands the highest price, of any that reaches the California market. The coffee raised there is considered equal to the best Java. The best of tobacco, rice, cotton and arrowroot is easily cultivated, and could be greatly extended. Several large and valuable sugar and coffee estates, upon which large sums of money have been expended, are now in successful cultivation; and principally owned by American citizens residing there. One of the "solid men of Boston" is interested in a sugar estate, on one of these Islands, upon which nearly $100 000 has been expended in getting it fairly into operation. The value of imports into these Islands, for the year 1850, amounted to over $1,000,000, and these imports were principally American merchandise, and were all for home consumption. The value of exports and supplies furnished vessels, of domestic produce, amounted to nearly $600,000, during the same period. Of this excess of imports over exports and supplies, a large amount was in sugar mills and agricultural implements connected therewith, admitted duty free by that government; another portion introduced by Consuls and the Missionaries, for consumption and not for sale, while the balance was paid for in part, by the direct introduction of capital invested in plantations, in part by profits derived from shipments abroad on island account; and in a great degree by money put in circulation by strangers, returned Hawaiians from California, captains, officers and crews of ships, which do not come into calculation of "supplies." There may have been still a small debt against the Islands, on account of imports, but it is probable it did not exceed the amount of goods unsold remaining in the hands of the importers.

The receipts at their Custom House, during the same period, on imported goods actually consumed, amounted to nearly $125 000. All this, with California and Oregon in their infancy, and with a population upon the island, including foreigners, of about 70,000. We have constantly cruising in the Pacific ocean, some five hundred whale ships, manned by some 15,000 noble, generous, hardy, industrious and enterprising seamen, with an American capital invested in such enterprises of over $15,000,000. All these vessels must, almost from necessity, visit these Islands for their supplies, and for recruiting their men, and refitting their vessels after being six or eight months on their "hunting grounds," during the summer cruising. These vessels are engaged, from one to three and sometimes five years, in "getting a voyage," and must *recruit*, at some port, as often as once in six or eight months.

Besides these whale ships, almost the entire merchant marine (voyaging from the Atlantic to San Francisco, stop at these Islands, in the prosecution of their commercial enterprises from California to Manilla, China and the East Indies.—During the year 1850, over 400 merchant vessels entered the port of the Islands, the largest proportion of which where American.

The position of the groupe is such, geographically, and in connection with the prevailing winds of that ocean, that vessels bound to Manilla, the East Indies, China and Japan, from any part of the Pacific coast of North or South America, must almost necessarily pass in their immediate vicinity. This is especially the case with vessels bound in that direction from all the American Pacific coast, North of the Equator.

There is no other point on the Pacific where our whale ship can be so well, so conveniently and so economically supplied as at these Islands. Most of the whaling is now done by our ships in the Japan and Okhotsk seas, along the coast of North-eastern Asia, the west coast of America, and through Bherings Straits, into the Arctic ocean.

What they most want, is a port near their "hunting grounds," where they can be supplied with Irish potatoes, onions, and other vegetables; where their crews can have "a run on shore," without danger of their desertion, and where they can have repairs done upon their vessels, and be otherwise re-fitted for their long and perilous voyages. All this they find at the Sandwich Islands, in going to and in returning from their summer cruises.—None of the other islands in the Pacific, and no point on the Pacific coast, south of California, and none in the China seas, or on that coast, grow the Irish potatoe,—(without which vegitable no whale ship goes to sea.)—while the expense of recruits in California, and the danger of loosing their men by desertion, must long deter our whale ships from visiting our own ports there for supplies.

That this whig administration has culpably neglected these important national interest, thus clearly identified with the acquisition of these Islands, is obvious from various other considerations.

Let any foreign power take possession of them, and adopt an exclusive, or even a partially exclusive policy, and no man can tell the danger to our whaling interests, or the loss that might accrue to our citizens, who are so largely engaged in that enterprise. These Islands are the natural stoping place—the half-way house—the hotel for all who sail the Pacific ocean.

They are the natural *depot* for coals and other necessaries, for the steamships and other vessels, which in a few years, are to cover that ocean, as thickly as they now cover the Atlantic.

In a commercial, agricultural and military point of view, they occupy the same relative position to our possessions on the Pacific, that Cuba does to those on the Atlantic. They are at this time, the Cuba of the Pacific. Anything that grows in Cuba can be raised on the Sandwich Islands. The climate of the Islands is more healthful and salubrious than that of Cuba.—No epidemic or periodical disease prevail on the Islands, and they are never subject to the frightful hurricanes which are so frequent in Cuba, and which cause such destruction of crops and other property. Contemplate these Islands in the future, when Japan shall have been opened to our commerce, and when a railroad communication shall have been provided, from San Francisco, across our Continent to the Atlantic border, and when, in consequence, the whole European trade with Japan, China, the East Indies, Western Africa, Australia, and the Pacific Islands, shall naturally and rapidly pass over such road, and through our own territory, and they are vastly more important to us, as a possession, than Cuba is, or even can be.

In speaking of these Islands, their position, climate, and product, and their value and importance to us, I speak of what I know, having, as you are aware, resided at their principal port, Honolulu, over three years, and during that time, having visited nearly every island of the group. I have also visited and resided in California shortly after the discovery of gold there in 1848. I know the energy, the industry, the perseverance, the foresight, the restless force and decision of character, which mark the progressive spirit of that wonderfully progressive and sagatious people, and I tell you that they see and feel the importance of this acquisition, and that not one man in California would dare to raise his voice in defence of the course pursued by this whig administration, in rejecting the cession of these Islands; and with this knowledge of that people, and with my knowledge of those they have left behind them on this side of the Continent, I may safely predict, what some of you may live to see, a commerce employed on the Pacific Ocean, greater than that now upon the Atlantic; a railroad from San Francisco across the continent, for the travel of mankind, and doing the carrying trade between the 205,000,000 of Atlantic people, and the 645,000,000 of the Pacific; while California will have become one of the most populous and wealthy States of the Union—the Empire of the Pacific—and San Francisco, next to New York, the largest city on the American continent. The Sandwich Islands will then have become, in fact, as in name, the *garden spot* of the Pacific, and will teem with its hundreds of thousands of industrious, wealthy, enterprising, intelligent and moral Anglo-Saxon population, while Honolulu will be in reality, the Havana of that Ocean.

In expanding our commerce in the Pacific, and increasing the wealth and power of the U. States, who dare estimate the importance of the acquisition of those Island to us, as a half-way house—a *depot*—of commerce in time of peace, and as a military or Naval station in time of war?

The religious community, who have expended through the American Board of Missions somewhere near $1,500,000 in their operations on the Group, and have settled some fifty families, (numbering now some 240 children) possessing valuable homesteads, must take much interest in their acquisition, as being the only true method of sustaining and perpetuating the religious, moral and political principles taught by the Missionaries, of opening the country to productive enterprises, and preparing the way for the establishment of society and government on the principles dear to American hearts, and revered by all holy and civilized men.

No man in his senses, who has resided at those Islands or who knows anything of their civil and political history up to the present time, can believe that that people can much longer maintain their National Independence.

They must, from their weak and feeble condition, as well as the necessities growing out of their position, seek the protection of some foreign power "Essentially, not only from national position, from teaching and intercourse, to escape French and English domination, the people have sought annexation to the U S." The fact is certain that the native population, like our Indians, is destined to be supplanted, in numbers and power, by a foreign race. They desire us to be their successors and protectors.

They have offered, as a free gift, as it were, on our own terms the entire Sandwich Island group, to the citizens of this Republic. All they ask in return is simply to receive the rights and protection accorded to our own citizens, and pay their King a small stipend during his life.

Was there ever a more magnificent offer? And in its rejection, or in the delay in accepting the offer, was there ever a greater political blunder committed? Yes, these Islands have been placed in our very lap, we have had them in our own hands—or rather the present whig administration—and that administration has spurned, rejected, "spit" upon them.

A similar offer may not again be made, and before we are aware of it they may have found some other power, more wise and politic than our Whig government, ready and eager to take them under their flag and protection.

We might have had them in our possession at this moment, with the consent and earnest wish of all interested, had we had a democratic instead of a pusillanimous whig administration. No outlay of money would have been required—the revenues of the Island being more than adequate for the expense of their government—time, opportunity, the interests of the inhabitants and ourselves all pointed, invited and urged such a result. The Islanders met us more than half-way. They invited, and completed, treaty negotiations with our Commissioners, ceding the Groupe to us, before the administration at Washington, dreamed of their position in the Pacific.—That treaty was sent forward to Washington by a special agent, (the present U. S. Consul at Honolulu,) who reached Washington and deposited the documents in the hands of the President, in June, 1851. He urged, in person, as his duty and honor as an American citizen required, and as his own sense of the importance of the acquisition to American and Sandwich Islands interests prompted and demanded, the favorable and prompt action of the administration upon the treaty. It received from the whig administration, the go-by. So soon as the facts became known, (for there has been an evident disposition on the part of the administration to keep the matter a secret,) every effort was made to induce the President to send the treaty to the United States Senate for their advice and consent, so soon as Congress should be in session.

The Constitution, as you are aware, gives to the President the power to negotiate treaties with foreign powers by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, two thirds of that body concurring. This clearly implies, that the President should consult and advise with them, where a treaty, like the one in question, had been submitted to his acceptance.

Under the circumstances of this case, I insist he was derelict in his duty, and highly culpable, that he did not, immediately on the assembling of Congress, in December last, send in this treaty to the Senate, for their *advice* at least. Had he done so, does any man doubt what that body, with a large democratic majority, would have advised? The Constitutional majority of two thirds, would not only have advised, but would, at once, have consented to the treaty, and thus have compelled this whig administration to have done their manifest duty in the premises, so that the treaty might have been concluded and ratified, and these lovely islands would now have been prospering, and their inhabitants rejoicing under the broad aegis of the Stars and Stripes. The President, unquestionably, had a consciousness that such would have been the result, and therefore frightened, as his party always have been, at the acquisition of territory, he withheld the treaty from the Senate.

In speaking upon this question, I have been frequently asked, why did not the President sign the treaty, and recommend to the Senate the acceptance of the cession of the Island? What reason does the administration give for rejecting their cession? To which questions I can only answer: I have no positive knowledge, but I can draw a tolerable correct inference, I think, from my knowledge of the federal instincts and selfish propensities of the whig party, and their uniform opposition to the extension of our territory.

When called upon for information upon this subject, last winter, by Senator Weller, of my State, the President declined sending the information to the Senate, because, *in his opinion*, it was "incompatible with the public interests." The old and long accredited organ of the whig party at Washington, the *National Intelligencer*, I understand, places the rejection of the Islands upon the ground, that their requisition might displease France. I may here remark, by way of parenthesis, that there is still an unsettled dispute between the French government and that of the Sandwich Islands, and, no doubt, one object the Islands' government had in view in making the offer of a cession to the United States, was to get rid of the unjust exactions of the French, and the consequent possible seizure, by them, of the Islands, and the probable subsequent French domination. Will such reasons as the above, upon a question manifestly so vital to our present and prospective national interests, satisfy the American people? If so, I have greatly mistaken the character of my countrymen for sagacity and undaunted courage.

There is no disguising the historical fact, that the whig party lack faith in the principle of self-government for extended territory, and have opposed every single acquisition we have thus far made. They get frightened when you talk of extending the "area of freedom"—of adding more territory to our glorious confederacy; but let England propose a joint treaty in reference to the transit across Central America, by which the European right to interfere in American affairs is admitted, and advantages resulting exclusively to our position are surrendered, and the Monroe doctrine thus entirely yielded up, and you find this whig administration seizing upon it with avidity.

It is high time, then, we had a change, from a whig to a democratic administration, when such practices and such hold back, anti-American and anti-progressive doctrines are acted upon and advocated by the men and party in power. With Gen. Frank Pierce as the Democratic President elect of these United States, the Sandwich Islands may be yet ours.

The present President, and would-be Emperor of France, has been too much employed in his own perilous relations at home, to attend to, and push the old French claims against the Islands, and fortunately for us, will be so employed for some time to come. The 4th of March may yet arrive and find the matter still open. The election of the democratic nominee is our and the Islanders only hope; for the whig candidate,—Gen Scott is, and for the last fifteen or twenty years has been, fully identified with, and committed to, this hold back whig party.

While I talk to you, other great naval and maritime powers, who never let an opportunity slip for extending and perpetuating their power and commercial influence are planning and intriguing for the possession of those Islands. They understand their importance and the commanding influence they are to possess, in the future history of the Pacific—see to it, then, that in November next, you restore the ascendency of democratic principles and measures in the Administration of the government, by the election of our able and worthy standard bearers, and you will put an end to these intrigues of foreign powers, and prepare the way for making the Sandwich Islands American territory, to the advantage of that people, and to the honor and glory of this Republic.

☞ A Congress of German stenographers has just been held at Munich, which was attended by sixty members of the profession. One of the members, M. Baumgartner, of Vienna, described a system of musical stenography invented by him, by means of which, as he said, the most complicated musical compositions can be written down during their execution. Trials of the system were made in presence of the members, and of many musical artists, and they are said to have succeeded perfectly.—*N. Y. Post.*

☞ The best physicians now generally recommend their patients afflicted with pulmonic complaints, instead of going south, to take a trip into a cool and *dry* climate where the temperature is more equable than on the sea shore. A medical man writing to the Boston *Journal*, from Rock harbor, Lake Superior, says it is the country for those laboring under consumption, who are not too far gone with the disease. The air is so pure and dry that it imparts elasticity to the spirits, and infuses new vigor in the system. He has charge of a small community to one hundred souls, and not one of them during the past winter has had a cough. From November to April not a drop of rain had fallen, and although the temperature is much lower than in the Atlantic states, the people do not suffer so much from cold as they do where the climate is moister and temperature higher.—*New York Post.*

☞ A lady who had a propensity for Newport last summer, but who found it very difficult to induce her husband to take her there called upon the eminent Doctor Francis, of Bond street, for the purpose of procuring his certificate of the importance of sea-bathing for the preservation of her health.

"Are you ill, madam?" asked the doctor.

"Not at all, doctor," the lady answered, "but I am afraid that I shall become so, in this extremely hot weather, unless I have the opportunity to bathe in the sea, and thus preserve my health"

"Very well, madam," replied the doctor, "if you are that you *cannot keep without pickling*, the sooner you start for Newport the better, and I shall have much pleasure in giving you my certificate to that effect."

A DISCOVERY.—About five years ago a schooner, the *Merchant*, mysteriously disappeared from Lake Superior, with a valuable cargo, and about thirteen persons on board, including crew and passengers. Among the latter were some agents of the mining companies, having with them $5 000 belonging to different companies.—The lake was searched, in every direction, but nothing of her could be found—not even a floating spar, and up to the present time her fate has been unknown. A few days ago, some persons going down the lake in a small craft, discovered the top masts of the long lost schooner, standing erect in the water, some thirty feet below the surface. The locality has been marked, and measures have been taken to procure the specie on board, if nothing more.

WATER.—Prof. Silliman closed a recent Smithsonian lecture in Washington, by giving the following sensible advice to young men:

"If therefore you wish for a clear mind, strong muscles, and quiet nerves, and long life and power prolonged into old age, permit me to say, although I am not giving a temperance lecture, avoid all drinks but water, and mild infusions of that fluid, shun tobacco and opium, and every thing else that disturbs the normal state of the system; rely upon nutritious food and mild diluent drinks of which water is the basis, and you will need nothing beyond these things except rest, and due moral regulation of all your powers, to give you long, happy and useful lives, and a serene evening at the close."

☞ Dr. Beman, of Troy, remarked in a sermon lately that if Franklin tamed the lightning, Professor Morse taught it the English language.

A New Building Material.

An invention has, it is stated, just been patented, for the adoption of a preparation of coke and other substances, by which bricks, paving slabs, door and stair steps, tiles, pipes, blocks, railway sleepers, and other articles of general use by builders, &c., can be produced with a perfection, and at a cost which it is expected by the inventor will effect a complete revolution in the building trade. The price at which it is proposed to offer the coke brick to the public is scarcely one third of the cost of the clay brick, while in point of durability it is superior to the best article supplied from the kilns. The manufacture, according to specification, is effected by means of cast iron moulds, the interior of which are the exact dimensions of the common brick; in this mould a certain quantity of duff, or waste coal, powdered coke, charcoal, or sinders, is placed, and being carbonized, the amalgamated material swells to the exact form required. When taken from the mould, it undergoes a finishing process, in which varnish is applied to the end or side, having, while wet, a coating of powdered glass, with an admixture of a mineral coloring matter sifted over it.—The brick is then vitrified, when a beautiful glaze of any required color is produced, and the article ready for use. During the manufacturing process, the fumes are passed through water. The finishing process is only required for particular purposes, as in many instances the coke brick is equally available without it. The material is rendered fire-proof by an extract of muriate of allumina, and is impervious to atmospheric influences by the nature of its formation. When articles of coke fabric are required of extraordinary density, a variation in the filling material, and also an extraordinary amount of compression, are necessary; and then there is hardly any limit to the degree of solidity which may be obtained.—It is further stated there is no description of article used in the erection or ornamentation of building but may be produced from the material; thus columns for interior and exterior use, cornices, capitals of plain or ornamental design, can be manufactured and supplied in a finished state.

Ireland and the Irish.

The Coleraine (Irish) *Chronicle*, speaking of the depopulation of that country, reports that the emigration for the last year amounted to 6000 souls per week. This year that paper says the number is nearly 7000, and the tide is still unbroken. There is no sign of cessation or diminution, but the crowd to every port presses on, drawn by friends and hopes beyond the Atlantic, pressed forward by the want and misery behind.

As the thousands upon thousands land upon our shores every month in the hope of participating in the privileges of this great republic, what could they expect should Scott be elected and his *darling* law enacted, to prohibit them from being Americanized only by *fighting in the army* two years? They could expect or hope for nothing but to live as "aliens from the commonwealth of Israel," as mere strangers and interlopers, debarred from all participation in our government affairs, rigorously prohibited from having a voice in making the laws to which they must be obedient. This is what Scott whigery leads to.

SERIOUS AFFRAY.—We learn that an affray occurred in Hayfield township on the 30th ult., between Calvin Dyke and Curtis Gott, in which the latter was seriously stabbed. It seems that Dyke had been some time in the employ of Gott, and on the afternoon in question they got into a dispute about an axe, during which Gott ordered Dyke out of his house. Dyke was seated, with a pen knife in his hands; and Gott took hold of him for the purpose of forcing him out. When they reached the door, Dyke fell out, at the same time retaining his hold of Gott, who fell upon him and was seriously stabbed in the breast. Dyke remained at the house until some of the neighbors came in; the same evening a warrant was made out by Esq. Skeels, when he was brought into town, and placed in jail.—These are the circumstances, briefly, as narrated by Dyke himself.—*Crawford Democrat.*

☞ In 1828 and 1832 the Federalists *opposed* Gen. Jackson because he was a military man. In 1848 they *supported* Gen. Taylor because he was a military man. In 1852 they sustain Scott because he is "the biggest sort of a military man." They supported Adams and Clay because they *were* statesmen. They took up Taylor because he was *not* a statesman. And now they are actively supporting Scott because he is no statesman—the true test of merit in a Presidential candidate according to the *latest* edition of whigery.—*Richmond Examiner.*

A THOUGHT.—The irritating grain of sand, which by accident or incaution has got within the shell of an oyster, incites the living inmate to secrete from its own resources the means of coating the intrusive substances, and thus germinates the pearl. And is it not, or may it not be even so with troubles and afflictions in our case? We too, may turn even sickness and sorrow into pearls of great price.

☞ The editor of a Western paper having lent his axe to one of his subscribers, the borrower unfortunately broke off the handle. On returning it the man said:—"You can easily get it fixed."

"Yes," replied the editor, "but it will cost at least quarter."

"Well," rejoined the borrower, "if you ain't rather small for an editor: here's the quarter, but I'll thank you to stop my paper at once."

THE OLD ISSUES.—Whenever a whig attempts to prove that there are no longer any issues between the two parties, remember that he is paying the highest compliment to Democratic measures and men; and at the same time unconsciously rebuking the policy of his own party. To say that there are no issues between the parties is to admit the utter and irremediable overthrow of the expedients of the whig party.

ACTIVITY.—Miserable is he who slumbers on in idleness. Miserable the workman who sleeps before the hour of rest, or who lies down in the shadow while his brethern work in the sun. There is no rest from labor on earth. There are always duties to perform and functions to exercise—functions which are ever enlarging and extending in proportion to the growth of our moral and mental station. Man is born to work, and he must work while it is day.

MORE LAND.—It is said that the tract of land lately ceded to the United States by the Sioux Indians, is about 800 miles long by 240 broad—making 12,000 square miles, or more than twice as much as the whole of New England. The whole district is made up of the most fertile land in the world, and will ere long be among the most productive and valuable portions of the Republic.

☞ "Does Pa kiss you because he loves you?" inquired a little urchin of its mother. "To be sure sonny, why?" "Wal, I guess he loves the kitchen girl, too, for I seen him kiss her more'n forty times last Sunday, when you was to meeting.

HOW TO RULE.—"You must flatter or frighten the interest or the self-love of men. Men are asses or monkeys who only jump for nuts, or skip about in fear of the whip."

Political and General News.

ELOQUENT AND PATRIOTIC LETTER.

We take pleasure in laying before our readers the following admirable letter, written by JAMES ROSS SNOWDEN, Esq., and read at the great mass Democratic Meeting in Philadelphia, on the 7th. inst.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 25, 1852.

My Dear Sir:—I am honored by your favor of the 18th inst., and if my engagements permitted, I would accept your kind invitation to address the Democracy of the city and county of Philadelphia on the 7th prox.

I am happy to learn from your letter that the skies are bright, and the council fires lighted up on the classic ground of old Philadelphia, where first burst forth upon a benighted world the glorious sun of Independence and Liberty. Believing, as I firmly do, that the perpetuation of the principles of our fathers of 1776 in their purity and strength, is inseparably connected with the cause you will assemble to advance, I cannot withhold the assurance that my heart is with you and bid you God speed.

We are indebted, under a kind Providence, to Democratic principles and measures for that wonderful advance which we have made as a nation, and the unparalleled liberty and happiness of our people. In extending the bounds of our country, we stand upon the platform of our fathers; for they fore-shadowed the future when they named their Congress the "Continental Congress" and their army the Continental army. Acting under such an influence, Democratic measures have given us Louisiana with its mighty Mississippi, traversing with its branches the shores of half the Union. It has given us Florida, whose coasts, running out towards the West Indies, make us their neighbors—*perhaps in the future something more than neighbors.* These acquisitions gave us such a firm base upon the Gulf of Mexico, that our people were led to form settlements in Texas, and ultimately, under the Presidency of that distinguished hero, and republican, Gen. Houston, that great State was added to the Union. Then Oregon, a country of vast extent, was secured. These valuable territories were acquired by Democratic men and measures, notwithstanding the violent opposition of the federal party.

Then came the war with Mexico. This, too, was a democratic measure. Commenced by the aggression of Mexico, the able and patriotic Polk, sustained by the great party, which had elected him, hurled upon the foe the conquering legions which carried in triumph the banner of our country to the enemy's capitol. In every step of that just and glorious war, we advanced, not only against the wishes but the efforts of our political opponents.—Their newspapers, their speeches and votes in Congress, and in the State Legislatures, and their conversation in private life, prove this incontestibly.—Such aid and comfort did the speeches of their leaders give the enemy, that they were published in the Mexican papers. Alas! the bitter and vindictive man whose hostility to his own country and treasonable sympathy for the enemy, induced him to say that he hoped the soldiers of the republic—those who were fighting under the glorious flag of the Union in a foreign land—"might be welcomed with bloody hands to hospitable graves," now, under an *accidental* Whig President, disgraces the elevated office of Secretary of the Treasury of the United States. But the war was carried on to a successfull termination under the efficient administration of Mr Polk, aided by a cabinet which, for ability, faithfulness and energy, has never been excelled, perhaps never equaled in this or any other country.—A Buchanan at the head of the State Department—a Walker to supply the sinews of war, and a Marcy to organize and concentrate the men and munitions which commanded victory. And by that war, or rather by the peace which was conquered, we have added to our country territories of immense extent and inestimable value. New Mexico and California are ours. The latter with ten degrees of latitude upon the Pacific, and yielding eighty millions of dollars per annum from her golden earth. These results are the fruits of Democratic measures and Democratic progress.

Our internal relations have been equally prosperous, and happy under similar influences. The alien and sedition law was trampled under foot by the illustrious Jefferson; a National Bank of deadly hostility to to the rights and interests of the people, was prostrated by the invincible and immortal Jackson; a constitutional currency was organized and a separation of the banks from the government was established by the able and enlightened Van Buren.—This last measure, together with its projector, was struck down by the whirlwind of folly, falsehood and slanders which gave the Whig party a temporary ascendency in 1840. And now, when passion has passed away, and falsehood has spent its force, the administration of Mr. Van Buren is regarded as one of great vigor, purity and efficiency, and of advantage to the country. Mr. Polk re-established the Independent Treasury law, and delivered the country from unjust and unequal taxation. I have thus noticed a few of the great measures and benefits which have resulted from Democratic administrations. If we look at Federal or Whig administrations, we can find nothing to commend. The elder Adams had his alien and sedition laws; the younger Adams, his "bargain and sale;" and Harrison, "a Bankrupt Act." These are all that they will be ever remembered by. Is there any great or beneficial measure to mark the present administration? *Nothing*—literally nothing. It will be remembered by the extravagance of its expenditures, and the frauds upon the public treasury. It will also be remembered by its deficiency bills, by which enormous appropriations have been made to legalize the payment of money which had been taken from the Treasury in violation of the constitution which dictates that "no money shall be drawn from the Treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law."

The recently passed deficiency bill was for $4,5000,000, most of which had been expended contrary to law. It may perhaps also be remembered from its indiscriminate removals from office, in violation of a voluntary pledge, previous to the last election, of having no friends to reward or enemies to punish. As misrepresentation and deceit marked its advent into power, so fraud and corruption have been its chief characteristics. Let us, then, hasten to relieve the country from such misrule, and place the ship of State on the republican tack with such able and experienced Democrats and statesmen as Pierce and King at the helm. That we shall be triumphant, I have no doubt, if our democratic friends stand firmly together and push forward the column with their accustomed energy and spirit. We have never been defeated when reason and judgment have been left free to combat error. A revival of the military excitement and humbug of 1840 and 1848, has been in vain tried by our opponents. Then a perfect tornado of folly, passion, falsehood and excitement swept over the land. These elements of error and discord have spent their force, I hope never to return. But the skies are now bright, the judgment of the people is left to act freely, and a glorious victory awaits us, if we are only true to ourselves and our cherished principles.

My heart is with you, and I once more wish you God speed in the good work in which you are engaged. I have the honor to be, with great regard.

Your friend and fellow citizen,

JAMES ROSS SNOWDEN.

To W. E. Lehman, Jr., Esq., Chairman, &c.

The Havana Difficulty.

The recent proceedings of the authorities of Cuba in reference to the detention of the barque Cornelia, and the refusal to allow the mail steamer Cresent City to land her passengers, have called forth strong manifestations of public feeling in various cities. New York and New Orleans have been the scenes of large meetings, at which the action of the Captain General of Cuba has been denounced in terms not less severe than those applied to the rule imposed by Spain upon the richest of her colonies.

The two occurrences, as now understood, are well calculated to produce this excitement. It is alleged, in one instance, that a mail steamer was not permitted to enter the port of Havana, or to land her passengers, in consequence of having as her purser an individual who has incurred the displeasure of the local authorities; and, in the other, that a New York barque was temporarily seized by Spanish troops, her master carried on shore in custody without proper presence, and that her letter-bags were rifled in search of letters and documents of an obnoxious character. This is the statement as it is now before the American people; and we admit that if the facts be as they are thus described, they afford justification for much of the criticism that has emanated from the press upon the subject.

At present, however, we are in possession of only *ex parte* representations. Our Government has no knowledge of either of the cases beyond that derived from the published accounts, which, however accurate in their general tenor, scarcely form satisfactory data for the direction of governmental policy.

With the view of ascertaining the whole aspect of the affair, it is understood that Judge Conkling has been instructed, during his stay at Havana, to obtain a full and authentic statement of the facts connected with the proceedings. The country will perceive, therefore, that the government is not indifferent to the force of the events, or unmindful of the steps which they have rendered necessary. What further action may be called for in the premises, is a question altogether dependant upon the result of the inquiry now authorized.—*Wash. Rep.*

From the New Hampshire Patriot, Oct. 13.

Concord Granite Club—A Call upon Gen. Pierce; His Speech.

At the regular meeting of the Granite Club, on Thursday evening, their hall was jammed full of enthusiastic Democrats, assembled to congratulate each other upon the *glorious news received from* Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, Florida and Baltimore. Very eloquent and spirited speeches were made by Edson Hill, Esq., of Concord; Wm. Burns, Esq., of Lancaster; L. Smith, Esq., of Nashua, and S. M. Wheeler, Esq., of Fisherville, which were responded to by the most enthusiastic cheers. The Concord band was present, and added to the interest of the occasion by some excellent music.

At the close of the exercises in the hall, it was voted that the Club proceed to the residence of Gen. Pierce, and congratulate him upon the Democratic victories above named. A procession was thereupon formed, and headed by the band, marched to the south end, and halting before Gen. Pierce's house, the band played a serenade, and then the crowd gave three tremendous cheers for the States named, and three for Gen. Pierce, and when Gen. Pierce appeared, the President of the Club, Mr. Marshall, addressed him as follows:

General:—Your friends and neighbors have called to announce to you the gratifying intelligence just received. The telegraphic wires inform us that Pennsylvania has gone for the Democracy by 15,000 majority. "While the Keystone stands the Arch is safe." Ohio sends us greeting 20,000 for the Democracy. Indiana follows with 12,000 on the same side. And last, and perhaps the most surprising, is the announcement that the "Monumental City" has rallied up for its Democratic candidate for Mayor, the unexampled majority of 3600. Add to this the glorious news from Florida. Your friends cannot restrain their joy, and they bid me heartily to congratulate you.

Gen. Pierce acknowledged the kindness of his neighbors and friends, in coming to greet him upon the reception of intelligence, to which they might suppose he was not indifferent, though he could truly say that his position from the first, had never excited in him anything like a feeling of elation. He had calmly awaited the progress of events, and should continue to do so, conscious that however the result might effect individuals, his intelligent countrymen were abundantly competent to take care of their own interests, under the guidance of that Power to which he wished we could all habitually look with more humility and faith. He trusted his friends would not forget that, with high toned and honorable men, the hour of triumph was always the hour of magnanimity. It was not to be overlooked, that they were around us, many with whom we were in daily intercourse at this moment, moved by feelings exactly the opposite of those which called out the assemblage before him; and his friends could well afford to allow that circumstance to detract somewhat from their generous joy. He hoped they would also remember that no prospect of success, nor indeed political elevation itself, could render their neighbor more or less worthy of the confidence and affection for which he was profoundly grateful. To the people of his native State his heart acknowledged obligations, for the expression of which language furnished no form. How could it be otherwise? For more than twenty years, their disinterested friendship for him had never been chilled, nor their their confidence shaken. He had not the arrogance to believe that his services had been at all compensurate with their sturdy, unsolicited partiality. To the record of that partiality, he would ever look with pride and gratification. From the record of his acts, as its recipient, he had neither the right nor the inclination to turn away. He would freely confess to his friends, that within the last few weeks it had been peculiarly pleasant to know that forty-seven years among this people, as boy and man, had given to their faith in him such strength, that falsehood could not shake it, or perfidy steal it away.—General Pierce closed with a renewed expression of his thanks, and a hearty good night to his neighbors.

At the conclusion of his most eloquent remarks, the two hundred men there assembled gave such spontaneous and enthusiastic applause as is not often heard in these diggings. The procession then re-formed, the band struck up "Yankee Doodle," and the Club returned, cheering at various points. Arriving opposite the Phœnix Hotel (the Whig head quarters,) the election results were proclaimed, and nine vociferous cheers given over them. Passing the *Patriot* office, three hearty cheers were let off for this establishment. The procession then halted in front of Gass' American House, (Democratic head quarters,) and gave three cheers, and then one loud, boisterous, hearty laugh, a real "ha, ha, ha," which was heard through all the region round about. The crowd then separated, having had "a good time." It was a spontaneous demonstration, and a very creditable one, everything having been conducted in a becoming manner.

THE CALIFORNIA SCHOOL MISTRESS.—A year or two ago a party of about one hundred and twenty persons started from St. Louis, over the Plains, for California. Among the number were several Methodist ministers, accompanied by their wives and children. There was also a young lady, who had been teaching school for some time before, and she felt that she could be of some use in planting education among the children of the gold diggers; so she paid her two hundred dollars, the price charged for the journey in a covered wagon, with every comfort provided for her on the way. Her brother, before she started, offered her fifteen hundred dollars to set up a milliner's shop there, but she stuck to her love of teaching, and, refusing that sum, applied her own hard earnings—all she had—to carry out her purpose. Upon arriving at Sacramento, she commenced teaching a school at one hundred dollars a month, and made fifty a month besides, by giving lessons to families. This was eighteen hundred dollars a year. She saved a thousand of it, most of which she sent home to her father, and at the end of the year she married a respectable merchant from Boston, then doing business in California, worth about $30,000. Now here is a woman as is as strong minded woman, and we will venture to say that she never thought of Bloomer costume in her life, nor went about complaining of the wrongs of woman, or any thing of the sort.

SINGULAR DISCOVERY.—We lern, says the Baltimore County Whig, from gentlemen recently from Calvert county, the following singular incident:—A week or so ago a heavy rain washed down the bank on the side of the street which leads to the public warehouse, in the village of Lower Marlborough, in that county, exposing to view a large number of tar barrels lying in every position, as if thrown in hurridly. Some of the tar is said to be still good for use. The barrels are short and broad, very different from any that have been in use for a long time.

The first impression was, naturally, that the tar had been stored at this place in the late war with Great Britain, when the British were ascending the Patuxent on their way to Bladensburg. But it must have been deposited there at a much earlier period, for Mr. Robinson, an old gentleman who has resided in Lower Marlborough since many years before the war, says it has certainly not been placed there within his recollection—and his memory of past events is very clear.

A STRANGE OFFER.—We are informed, by parties that profess to be well instructed in the whole matter, that the Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Company has offered to our government, to take immediate means to protect themselves or our flag from the insults of the Spanish authorities at Cuba, at its own expense, thereby relieving government from all further trouble or expense in the matter.—The proposition, if true, is certainly a very strange one, and its very novelty will frighten our present administration out of its senses. It will have to ascertain the sentiments of England on the subject before it will dare to move.—*N. Y. Day Book.*

Erie Weekly Observer.

ERIE, PA.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 23, 1852.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANKLIN PIERCE,

OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM R. KING,

OF ALABAMA.

Democratic Electoral Ticket for Pennsylvania.

SENATORIAL ELECTORS.

NATHANIEL B. ELDRED, WILSON M'CANDLESS, ROBERT PATTERSON.

REPRESENTATIVE ELECTORS.

Dist.		Dist.	
1.	PETER LOGAN,	13.	HENRY C. EYER,
2.	GEORGE H. MARTIN,	14.	JOHN CLAYTON,
3.	JOHN MILLER,	15.	ISAAC ROBINSON,
4.	F. W. BOCKIUS,	16.	HENRY FETTER,
5.	ROBT. M'CAY, JR.,	17.	JAMES BURNSIDE,
6.	ALEX. APPLY,	18.	MAXWELL M'CASLIN,
7.	N. STRICKLAND,	19.	JOSEPH M'DONALD,
8.	ABR'M. PETERS,	20.	W. S. CALOHAN,
9.	DAVID FISTER,	21.	ANDREW BURKE,
10.	ROBERT E. JAMES,	22.	WILLIAM DUNN,
11.	JOHN M'REYNOLDS,	23.	JOHN S. M'CALMONT,
12.	PARDON DAMON.	24.	GEORGE R. BARRETT.

Meeting at Lockport.

We see a call out for a Democratic meeting at Lockport on Tuesday next. Judge Thompson, of this city, and Judge Church, of Crawford, are to address the people.

☞ ANOTHER POLE.—The fire among our German friends is spreading. Our friend Smith wishes us to give notice that a fine Young Hickory will be erected near his residence, nearly opposite the Keystone House, on Thursday next, the 28th, at 3 o'clock P. M. A good time may be expected!

Col. S. W. Black.

This gentleman, (with Col. Snowden,) is announced to address the Democracy of Erie to-night; and as it is the first time he has had the pleasure of meeting his friends in Erie, it may not be amiss to say to them, by way of an introduction, that he is to our mind one of the most accomplished stump speakers in the State. Chivalrous, brave, witty, eloquent and argumentative, he wins the hearts of all, and carries them captive at will.—He speaks as though his heart, and soul, and mind were all in the work before him; and he never fails to carry conviction that, whatever others may believe and think, Sam. Black believes and thinks all he utters.—This is why he was so immensely popular with his regiment while in Mexico—this is why the 2d Pennsylvania was ready to follow wherever he lead, through leaden hail or sheeted fire.

Col. Snowden's Letter.

We invite attention to the letter of Col. Snowden in another column. It is the best short expose of the issues and claims of the two parties we have seen. It will repay perusal. The Col addresses the Democracy at the Court House this evening, and this letter is a well timed introduction, if one were required, to the kind regards of his hearers.

DUNLAP'S BOOK OF FORMS.—A new and enlarged edition of this popular work has just been issued by E C & J Biddle, Philadelphia. It contains nearly 800 pages, and more than 1200 forms for practice in the courts of Pennsylvania, and of the United States. It is a valuable work, not only for the Lawyer, but for every class and business. It will undoubtedly command a wide sale—indeed we understand the first edition is already exhausted, and another in course of preparation. The Book can be had of the author in this city.

☞ The Democracy of Waterford are wide awake, and will give a good account of themselves in November! On Thursday they erected a beautiful hickory, and were addressed by Judge Thompson in his usual happy and eloquent style. Roll on the ball!

☞ Our German friends in the East Ward erected a *beautiful pole on Wednesday. It is over 200 feet high*, and straight like Democratic principles. Speeches were made upon the occasion by Carl Benzon, Esq., and Gen. Whallon.

☞ The publishers of that excellent family newspaper, the *Home Journal*, announce that on the 1st of January next, that they will appear in new and beautiful type, and will *commence at the same time* a new novel from the German, entitled "Wild Flowers," said to be a very beautiful story. We know of no paper in the Union which contains so much of that piquant, racy, and entertaining style pertaining to light literature, as the *Home Journal*. It is well worth the $2 subscription.

"The Grapes are very Sour."

We hardly know whether to laugh at or pity the efforts of the Whigs to lessen the blows the result of the elections in Ohio, Indiana, and our own state have deal upon their hopes. They counted confidently upon carrying all three, and bragged as usual upon their hopes—but lo! *the votes were counted, and they found themselves in a glorious minority of fifteen or twenty thousand in each State!* This was more than they bargained for, and the "grapes" must be made "very sour" somehow. The Tribune tells us that the State officers voted for in Pennsylvania and Ohio—such as supreme court judges and canal commissioner—were of no sort of importance—in fact not worth having. The Tribune finds the "grapes very sour." The North American says the *vote is small, and implies* that everybody who did no vote is a whig. And this song is took up and sung by every whig paper in the land. Now, this is all a poor pretence, showing a strong wish to deceive without the ability. Everybody knows that the elections which have just taken place are not only important but decisive.—Assuming that the Democracy will not abate in the hour of victory either its vigilance or its energy, they leave to the 2d of November only the formality of an election *to ratify the ascertained verdict of the people, and to give* General Scott less than fifty electoral votes. Under these circumstances, no wonder the "grapes are very sour;" but "sour" as they are, it is nothing to what they will be in November!

☞ Hon. John Allison, whig, has been elected to Congress from the Mercer, Beaver, and Lawrence district, by a majority of EIGHT votes. Who will say that it is not important that *every vote* should be out?—*Commer'l.*

There is one important error in the above. Instead of Mr. Allison being elected by eight votes, that reliable Democrat, M. C. Trout, is elected by TWENTY EIGHT, thus giving the Democrats 16 members, and the whigs *nine!* Although a *fish* story, this is true!

☞ VERMONT.—This is the only State the whigs have carried this fall, and even here their loss has been great. The Legislature, heretofore claimed to be strongly whig, *was three days in organizing, two of which were consumed by the lower branch in electing a Speaker!* Only 24 balletings were had for a presiding officer. Harmonious whigery, forsooth! Where is it?

☞ The Buffalo *Courier* says Gen. Scott's arrival at the Astor House, on his return voyage, is announced.—There is a great anxiety in the public mind to know whether he sat down "in my parlor," and if so, whether he was "fired with indignation" at the adopted citizens. Early light would greatly relieve the public mind.

☞ A SIGN.—Hon. F. J. Littlejohn, Whig candidate *for Governor of Michigan, three years ago, in opposition* to Joh S. Barry, is out in *favor of* Pierce and King. He is able, enthusiastic and in earnest, and is doing good service for the democracy.

☞ NEWS FROM HELLAM!—The news from Hellam township, York county, where the *whig Press* asserted that 120 Democrats had changed for Scott, shows how arrantly they lied, for she has reduced the whig majority 51 votes. Who will believe a whig newspaper after this.

☞ Graham's and Godey's Magazines for November have been received. They are both full of good things, both in letter press and in embellishments. For sale at No. 9 Brown's Hotel, State street.

Mr. M'Gee's Lecture.

The Lecture of THOMAS DARCY M'GEE, Esq., Editor of the *American Celt*, at the Court House in this city on Saturday evening, was one of the best efforts we ever listened to. The subject, "*The Irish in America*," was one in which the Lecturer appeared perfectly at home, and he treated it with an eloquence and force that charmed as well as convinced all. There was one or two points that struck us with peculiar force, not only for the eloquence with which they were advocated, but for the intrinsic truths in political economy they revealed. Every able bodied foreigner, said the Lecturer, in substance, that lands upon the shores of America, adds a certain amount of available wealth to the country, and subtracts just so much from the land he leaves, no matter if his pockets be as empty as a contribution box. In the first place it has cost this country nothing to rear him—it has cost her nothing to bring him here—he has been no expense to her whatever, yet there is so much more available brain and muscle, so much more human machinery, added to the labor accomplishing force of the land, and so much subtracted from the land of his birth. You may compute the cost of raising an able bodied laborer to a country at five hundred or a thousand dollars, or whatever other sum you may fix, but whatever it is, in a country like this where labor is wealth and time is money, just that sum is added to the wealth of the country by the arrival of every able bodied immigrant. This is a proposition too plain to be disputed, and one which our "native" friends would do well to ponder long before they push their political heresies further. Again, the scathing and pointed manner the Lecturer rebuked the attempt of politicians to array the Irish as Irish, and the Catholics as Catholics, on the political battle field, was well-timed and happy, and could not but have been felt by some we wot of present.

Upon this point (we quote from to-day's *Celt*), the Lecturer said:

"Gentlemen, there is a passage in this subject to which I must turn your attention. It is this: the mode in which Emigrants are regarded by American public men, of native birth, whether journalists, jurists, or State or Federal politicians. I do say that if in 1852, our emigrants have faults, if there are many drawbacks on their usefulness as a class, if they do not improve morally upon this soil, I do say, the fault is partly in the native public men of the country. For the past sixty years, since the course taken under Washington's Presidency, has any of our statesmen devoted a month of his time, to a worthy exposition of the duties and merits of this emigration?—Imagine such a mind as that of the great Massachusetts statesman—imagine such minds as Clay's and Calhoun's approaching in calm and meditative mood, this phenomena, of a translated nation, with American duties engrafted on a European education. I blame no native American for occasional dissatisfaction with the face the foreign influx wears, but I do say that public men have not given the facts all that attention that their present and prospective importance deserves.

"On the contrary, do not they leave the emigrant to chance, or accident, or Providence. Do they ever seem to be aware of his existence, except on the eve of elections. And then when they do address him, they make appeals that never ought to be made [applause]. Instead of enlightening his judgment, they inflame his passions: they make the weak weaker, the prejudiced mind more prejudiced, and the confused still more confused. Shame and disgrace to the educated and able men, who stoop to such base arts! I care not of what party he is, or of what standing, the man who takes foreign ground to gain over citizens of foreign birth, is no true patriot, is not to be trusted. [Renewed applause.]

"I trust, gentlemen, that we shall see the last of these appeals in 1852. I trust the day is near, when the sense and reason of the naturalized citizen will be more respected than it has been; I trust the native citizen of every party, will mutually condemn and discourage, this periodical disgrace to the common electoral character, and to the character of the public men themselves, who keep it up. In a self governing State, we are all interested in keeping the standard of politics as high and pure, as possible, and in discountenancing the base and ruinous artifices of demagogueism. [Applause.]

"A Work of Love."

There is something exquisitely amusing in the way the whigs endeavor to account for their overwhelming defeat in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. No two agree exactly in the cause, but all assert roundly that it is no indication that Scott will fail to obtain the electoral vote of these States. Now we know very well that a man can reason himself into almost any thing—from whig victories in November to spiritual rapping: from the crowning glories of the Musselman's heaven, to the sensual *dogmas of Mormonism—nevertheless we apprehend that*, all the excuses our whig friends can manufacture—all the reasons they can render, and all the comfort, cold and freezing though it be, they can derive from such reasons, will not prevent the sure realization of the stunning fact that these three States will open to their view in November—an overwhelming and crushing defeat! The truth is, this whole effort of our whig friends to ward off the force of the blows aimed at their shield by the Democracy in the recent elections, is a work of love: *useless!* It is a poor investment of ink, time and brains! We made a pretty large one of the same kind in 1848, and to this day it has'nt brought us back two per cent., we therefore warn our whig friends, from dear experience, that it is a sinking business. In '48, we reasoned very profoundly, and we thought very satisfactorily, that defeat in October was no sign of defeat in November. We told our readers that this idea of a "floating vote" was all moonshine—*there was no such thing*, and to argue there was, was an insult to freemen. But all our fine wrought arguments did'nt avail—it was no go—but the "floating vote" was, and in November we found it all *went* for Taylor! Now, with ten, fifteen and twenty thousand, in favor of the Democracy in the three States which have just voted, our whig friends will have a realizing sense of this "floating vote" brought home to them in November! Hence they may as well cease their "labor of love," *and gracefully yield, as the Democracy did in 1848*, to the popular will. The fiat has gone forth—the people have willed that the Democracy shall manage the affairs of this government for the next four years, and their will must be obeyed!

☞ The Scott committee at Washington, have circulated at the North, under the Congressional franks, about a *hundred thousand* copies of an article published in the *Era*, the abolition paper at Washington, to prove Gen. Pierce a pro-slavery man. The same committee have circulated at the South as many copies of the New Boston speech, and a document under the caption of "Gen. Pierce and his abolition allies," to prove him an abolitionist. Truman Smith, of Connecticut, is the master-workman in this base business—a work which a majority of our State prison convicts would be ashamed of.

☞ W. H. C. Hosmer, who ranks high among American poets, made a whig speech at Rochester on Thursday evening last.—*Commercial*

There is but one error in the above, and that is in the political character of Mr. Hosmer's speech—instead of being a whig speech, it was Democratic.

☞ DEATH OF JOHN L. STEPHENS, ESQ.—The New York papers announce the decease of John L. Stephens, Esq., the eminent traveler, which occurred at his father's residence in that city, on Tuesday, the 12th inst. His books of travel, in the East, and in Central America, have justly earned for him the reputation of one of the most intelligent observers and delightful writers in the English language, and they are as popular in England as they are at home. The profits of his publications have been scarcely surpassed by any other American writer. Mr. Stephens was forty-seven years of age. He was the son of Benjamin Stephens, Esq., a wealthy merchant,—now nearly 80 years of age. Mr Stephens himself had accumulated a large fortune, derived partly from his works but mainly from various successful enterprises in which he had engaged. He was President of the Panama Railroad Company, and his death was caused by a fever contracted on the Isthmus during a late visit.

☞ A FACT WORTHY OF NOTICE.—It is worthy of notice, that while Gen. Scott is travelling the country under the pay of the United States Government, and using the money of the people in electioneering for his own advancement to the office of Chief Magistrate, Franklin Pierce is living quietly at home, upon his own means, patiently awaiting the result of the forthcoming struggle. This is the first instance on record in the United States, in which a salary paid by the Government for a specific object, has been devoted to electioneering purposes.—General Scott has established a dangerous precedent in Republican America.

15,000 TO 19,000 MAJORITY!!!

The Voice of the Keystone Democracy!!

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

We publish below the returns of the recent election in this State for Judge of the Supreme Court and Canal Commissioner, so far as received. They are made up from the official returns and other reliable sources. It will be seen that the majority for Judge Woodward, so far, is over 14,000, and that of Mr. Hopkins over 16,000. The counties of Bedford, Clearfield, Indiana, Juniata, Jefferson, Monroe, M'Kean, Sullivan, Tioga, and Wyoming, are yet to hear from. These counties at the election of 1851, gave a majority of about *three thousand* for Gov. Bigler. If they voted in the same way at the election on the 12th inst., and the probability is that the majorities were considerably increased, the majority of the State will be over 18,000. A pretty good day's work for Pennsylvania.

	1851. GOVERNOR. Whig Johnston.	1851. GOVERNOR. Dem. Bigler.	1852. JUDGE. Whig Buffington.	1852. JUDGE. Dem. Woodward.	1852. CANAL COM. Whig Hoffman.	1852. CANAL COM. Dem Hopkins.
Allegheny	2814		1108		616	
Adams,	537		500		500	
Armstrong,		288		10		444
Berks,		4765		4047		3024
Beaver,		34		87		137
Bucks,		230		646		598
Bedford,	37					
Blair,	591		592		479	
Butler,	246		333		255	
Bradford,		38		600		601
Cambria,		535		601		733
Carbon,		587		587		564
Chester,	1000		604		626	
Centre,		1091		1039		1043
Cumberland,		186		245		229
Columbia,		1017		1006		979
Crawford,		257		465		493
Clarion,		1307		1074		1159
Clinton,		285		320		187
Clearfield,		736				
Dauphin,	1000		461		644	
Delaware,	558		480		511	
Elk,		311		81		155
Erie,	1500		1082		1077	
Fayette,		553		902		822
Franklin,	546		300		300	
Fulton,		134		160		160
Greene,		978		1033		1014
Huntingdon,	411		366		414	
Indiana,	758					
Juniata,		194				
Jefferson,		238				
Lebanon,	1005		637		594	
Lancaster,	4838		4215		4272	
Lawrence,	1058		693		637	
Lehigh,		377		692		702
Lycoming,		668		701		753
Luzerne,		1438		2026		1753
Monroe,		1679				
Mercer,		87		600		600
Mifflin,		260		256		195
Montgomery,		801		1097		1113
Montour,		518		582		532
McKean,		59				
Northampton,		1523		1133		1144
Northumberland,		901		693		819
Perry,		847		840		729
Phil'a. City,	3237		3950		3796	
" County,		528		2989		5273
Pike,		667		587		521
Potter,	47			298		261
Schuylkill,		674		265		476
Somerset	1670		1451		1442	
Sullivan,		231				
Susquehanna,		691		900		800
Tioga,		573				
Union,	868		800		800	
Venango,		556		600		600
Westmoreland,		2025		2200		2200
Washington,	126		181		65	
Warren,		105		221		243
Wayne,		1148		1290		1290
Wyoming,		223				
York,		1011		1157		1154
Total,	22,891	31 355 22,891	17,753	32,080 17,753	17,028	34,012 17,028
Maj. as far as heard				14 327		16,984

From the above, which we think will rather be increased by the official, it will be seen what little reliance can be placed upon the claim of our whig cotemporaries that the majority will be less than last fall. It will be double Gov. Bigler's, and some to spare! Mark it!!

Ohio—Whig Gas.

For some days the Whigs have been keeping up their courage by *claiming* a large *reduction from* the first reported majority in Ohio—claiming that it would not be over 5000 by the official vote. This report—or rather electioneering trick, was started by the Cleveland *Herald*, and in reference to it the *Plaindealer* says:

STILL FOOLING.—The *Herald* clique have been telegraphing abroad that the democratic majority in this state would be less than 5,000 and that the State is sure for Scott by over 10,000. The last Buffalo *Express* says:

"We have a telegraph despatch from Cleveland, saying that the *Locofoco figures show* the majority below 10 000, and Whig figures below 5,000. 'The whigs are offering to bet that Scott will carry the State.'"

All a lie, Mr. *Express*. There has been no such figuring, and no such offers to bet. There is not a Whig in Ohio who will bet beans on the State, but there are plenty of democrats offering to bet on 10,000 for Gen. Pierce.

In regard to the majority, a later number of the *Plaindealer* says:

"Governor Wood, who has just returned from Columbus, says about sixty counties have repored officially, and that the balance are fast coming in. The law requires the returns to be opened in the presence of the Governor, Secretary of State and Auditor, and that Tuesday next is the day agreed upon for the counting. Then look out for thunder! The Governor says that 20,000 is the least the democrats of Columbus will take, from present appearances."

The last Columbus *Statesman* has returns from sixty-two counties, and foots up the democratic majority at not less than 16,000, with the probability of its reaching 20,000.

In confirmation of these statements of the *Plaindealer* and the *Statesman*, we find in the Sandusky *Mirror*, of the 19th, a table of 54 counties, which show a Democratic gain upon Gen. Cass' vote in 1848, when his majority was 16,466, of 7098, against a whig gain of 5188—leaving a Democratic nett gain of 1910. Should the other 34 counties come in precisely as at that time, our majority in the State would be 18,376. The *Mirror* says the Democrats are almost certain to gain in the counties to hear from, and we expect the majority in the State to exceed 20,000. So much for Whig gas in regard to Ohio!

☞ THAT "RICH IRISH BROGUE."—Gen. Scott says in his speech at Madison Ind., that "the rich brogue of the Irish and the deep accent of the Dutch" have followed him wherever he has gone. General Scott being a *Native American*, having "*rallied*" a Native Party; having proposed to repeal all laws authorizing the naturalization of foreigners; it is not surprising that the "rich Irish Brogue and the deep accent" of the Dutch should follow him. They will follow him and stick to him like the poisoned shirt as long as he is in the field. "The rich Irish Brogue and the deep accent of the Dutch," will follow him and sound the glad tidings of his defeat, the overthrow of the whigs and the restoration of Democracy to power and the glory of our country once more secured through Democratic hands. That will be a rich Irish Brogue indeed!

☞ KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE!—That William A. Graham, the whig candidate for the Vice Presidency of the U. S., voted, whilst a member of the Legislature of North Carolina, *against* giving to the people the rightful privilege of electing their own Governor, and in favor of retaining the power in the hands of the Legislature. This is the man who asks the people whom he thus sought to deprive of a voice in the election of their own chief magistrate, to aid him in climbing into the second office in the gift of the people of the confederacy! Keep that before the people of the U. S., whose capacity to govern themselves, in the choice of rulers, Mr. Graham practically distrusts.

A MAN OF STRONG FAITH.—The Editor of the Conneaut *Reporter* is one who evidently believes that faith can remove mountains! With from 16 to 18,000 in Ohio; 15 to 20 000 in Pennsylvania, and at least 20,000 in Indiana against him, he yet tells his readers there is no mistake but that these states will go for Scott. If this is'nt faith unlimited, we know not what is!

☞ Our friend of the *Gazette* has made "one very grand discovery," as a Frenchman would say. He has found a "secret circular," issued by certain Democrats before the election, for the purpose of urging their party friends to support the independent ticket. Having brought to light this important document, the sagacious Editor cackels over it, like a new fledged hen over its first egg. What he calculates to make by it, we can't see. We may be obtuse, but what there is wrong in one Democrat writing to another urging him to vote for certain men, and giving his reasons for so doing, is beyond our comprehension. It is a thing that is done every day during a canvass, and why we cannot have the same privilege is by no means clear to us. We wrote the circular—we procured the signatures to it—we printed it, and we circulated it, and there is not a statement in it we did not honestly believe to be true then, as well as now. We knew what we wished to accomplish, and we in part, accomplished it—and if there is any crime in this, the whigs can make the most of it!

New Advertisements

ERIE AND WATTSBURG PLANK ROAD.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Erie and Wattsburg Plank Road Company, that an election will be held at the office of the Company in Erie, on the first Monday of November next, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, one President, five Managers, and one Treasurer for the ensuing year.

Erie, Oct. 23, 1852—2t24 G. SANFORD, Secretary

LARGE GLASS,

For Show Cases Store and Shop Windows.

AN assortment of French English and American glass for the above purposes by 25 CARTER & BRO.

WINDOW GLASS.—The largest assortment ever brought into this city can be found at

Oct. 23 24 CARTER & BROTHER, No 6 Reed House

COMBS.—A beautiful assortment of Ivory, Buffalo, and other Combs by Oct 23 24 CARTER & BROTHER

SOAPS.—A very great variety of soaps for the Toilet and other purposes, including all the latest and most elegant and highly perfumed kinds. 24 CARTER & BROTHER, No 6 Reed House

PERFUMERY.—The following elegant extracts and sprays of Lubin, Razin, Piver and others, viz: Jockey club, Jessamine, Jenny Lind, Rose Buds, Spring flowers, sweet Pea, Jonquil, Hedyosmia, Verbena, Tea Rose, Rose Geranium, New Mown Hay. Erie Oct. 23—24 CARTER & BROTHER

CANDLES, Camphene, Burning Fluid, Lard Oil, very superior Star, also Sterine Candles much better and quite as cheap as Tallow Candles for sale by the box or pound by

Erie Oct 23 24 CARTER & BROTHER No 6 Reed House

LINSEED OIL.—15 bbls. pure Western Linseed Oil for sale in quantities to suit purchasers.

Erie Oct. 23 1852—24 CARTER & BROTHER

GLORIOUS NEWS.

THE Empires are daily receiving a very large stock of Goods from H. Cadwell from the Eastern Factories where he is now buying at such prices that will completely floor everything before offered to the public. We will not take the trouble to name goods and prices, this would be an endless task. We ask the public to call and examine goods and prices

Erie Oct. 23 1852—24 CADWELL & BENNETT

NOTICE.

THE School Directors of Greene Township will meet at the house of Samuel Hilborne in said township at one o'clock P. M., the first Saturday of November next. Teachers wishing to take schools in said township will please attend for examination.

Z. L. WEBSTER.

Oct. 23 1852—24. Sec. of the Board of School Directors

Waked up at Last.

THE old firm of Vincent, Himrod & Co., having been dissolved on the first of March last, a new Partnership has been entered into between the subscribers under the same name, to take effect from that date, they therefore notify the public, and "the rest of mankind," that henceforth our motto shall be low prices and prompt payment. At our store may be found a large and well selected stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, [illegible] Crockery, and Tin ware, and at our Foundry all varieties of Machine castings from a Steam Engine [illegible] Our Mill gearing being improved [illegible] can't be beat in quality or price, [illegible] Keystone and [illegible] Favorite for the kitchen [illegible] parlor throw all others [illegible] *prompt payment.*

B. B. VINCENT, WILLIAM HIMROD, DAVID HIMROD, JOHN H. VINCENT, DAVID S. CLARK

Erie Oct. 23 1852—24

N. B.—Those indebted to the old Firm are requested to pay up and that soon.

NOTICE is hereby given that an election of the stockholders of the Erie & Waterford Plank Road will be held the first Monday of November next, at 2 o'clock P. M. at the office to elect a President five Managers and a Treasurer.

Erie Oct. 23 1852—2t24 JONAS GUNNISON

School Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Millcreek township will meet at the School House in Eagle Village on Saturday the 30th inst. at 1 o'clock P. M. for the examination of School Teachers, all who wish to teach will please attend. J. K. CADWELL.

Millcreek Oct. 23 1852—2t24. Sec'y

Lost, A Land Warrant.

ON or about the 19th of December 1851, the subscriber lost on or near this city a Military Bounty Land Warrant No. [illegible] for forty acres, issued in his name. Any person finding, or who has found the same on handing it to Thompson & Graham, shall be reasonably rewarded. The subscriber further gives notice that he intends to apply to the Commissioner of Pensions for a duplicate of said Warrant, and he hereby gives notice to all persons not to purchase or locate the same.

Erie Oct. 23 1852—6t24 WILLIAM FIELD.

Information Wanted

OF RICHARD J. LAWRENSON who left New York in March last, when last heard from he was in the state of Pennsylvania, (supposed at Girard, Erie county.) If this should meet his attention he will hear something to his advantage by addressing through letter, C. N. Henry, No. 27 Greenwich st. New York. Oct 23 1852

HOPE I DON'T INTRUDE!

J. M. JUSTICE

WOULD most respectfully beg leave to return his sincere thanks to his many friends, and the public in general for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, and would inform them that he has just received the

Largest and Best Stock of Goods

in his line that has ever been offered in this city, consisting of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS

of the choicest kind, which he will make up to order. Gentlemen wishing their clothing made to order can have their measures taken and clothing made, and if not pleased with them when done, they will not be asked to take them away. Also, on hand at all times, a large and well made assortment of

READY CLOTHING!

Of our own manufacture, consisting of Overcoats of various styles, Frock, Dress and Sack Coats; Vests, Shirts, Stocks, Cravats, Drawers, Undershirts, Gloves, Suspenders, &c. which will be sold at the very lowest prices for CASH. Persons in want of anything in our line, are invited to call and examine goods and prices for themselves.

Erie Oct. 23 1852

WHOLESALE BOOK ESTABLISHMENT IN BUFFALO.

PHINNEY & CO.,

188 MAIN STREET, BUFFALO

(At the old stand of F. W. Breed, who continues in the new

HAVING been long extensively engaged in the manufacture and sale of BOOKS, and being the only manufacturing publishers in Buffalo, are prepared to furnish every article in their line, at the *lowest prices*. Obtaining in exchange for their publication most kinds of Miscellaneous and school stock from the Eastern Publishers, they are thereby enabled to sell them like their own Books, at a small advance on cost of manufacture. Particular attention is invited to their new edition of

QUARTO FAMILY BIBLES,

In various styles of binding; and also to their assortment of

School, and School Library Books,

Which is probably the largest in the state, having been selected with care from almost every Book mart in the Union.

Medium, Cap and Letter Papers,

Obtained directly from the heaviest manufacturers in the country

AND BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

Traveling Agents will find a stock suited in style and price to their wants.

☞ WESTERN DEALERS, can generally duplicate their New York bills of purchase here, at same prices or less, saving the entire cost of transportation from New York to Buffalo, and from ten to twenty days delay in the transmission of goods. All orders filled with promptness, and at the same prices as if the purchaser were present. PHINNEY & CO.

Book Publishers, Nos. 188 Main, and 5 West Seneca st.

Oct 23 1852—24. Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

PERKINS' CANDY MANUFACTORY!

State Street, opposite Wright's Block.

THE subscriber has on hand, of his own manufacture a large supply of every thing in his line, expressly got up for the FALL AND WINTER TRADE, to which he invites the attention of Country dealers and others. In his stock may be found

COMMON CANDY'S;

Peppermint

Wintergreen

Cinnamon

Sassafras

Lemon

Clove

Hoarhound

BAR CANDY'S;

Burks

Clove

Cinnamon

Sassafras

Peppermint

Horehounds

Iceland Moss

FINE CANDY'S;

Vanilla Cream

Lemon "

Rose "

O K "

Cream Drops

" Kisses

Lady Kisses

Lemon Drops

Clove "

Rose "

Cayehe "

Peppermint Harts

Large and small Harts

Ornamented "

Almond Rocks

Corroneat Candy

Pea Nut "

Baloon "

Motto's of all kinds

Breathe Candy of all flavors

BREAD RINGS;

Small Rings

Jackson Balls

Sugar Almonds

Burnt "

Fine fresh "

Sugar Plumbs

Corricanders

Caraway

Clove Comfort

Cinnamon Strings

All kinds of Sugar Sands

Lozenger

Peppermint

Wintergreen

Sassafras

Lemon

Cinnamon

Cayene

Camphor &c &c

Fruit Drops

Licorice

Orange

Lemon

Rasberry

Strawberry

Nectar

Bannanna

Pineapple

Cherry

Cordial and Chocolate Drops

French Toys and Harts

ALL KINDS OF

Fruit Cakes

Pound "

Delicate "

La Fayette "

Jelly "

Sponge "

Tarts "

Jumbles "

Rolls

Macarona

Kisses

PARTIES FITTED [illegible]

[illegible]

Charlotte Russe

Wine Jelly

Merings [illegible]

Blanc Mange

Charlotte Russe

Ice Cream

Water Ices of all Flavors

&c &c &c.

Table Ornaments and Pyramids

All kinds of German Toys

Fancy Goods at Wholesale and Retail.

He has had considerable experience in the business as a practical manufacturer, and consequently thoroughly understands it in all its details, he flatters himself he will be able to give entire satisfaction to those who may patronize him, both in regard to quality and price. His determination is to be BEAT by none of his cotemporaries. All orders at Wholesale or Retail, he will execute promptly at rates which cannot be otherwise than acceptable.

Erie Oct 23 1852—24 J. B. PERKINS

Let us Have No Fainting.

Democrats of Erie county, in ten days the canvass for President will be brought to a close—the verdict will be rendered, and the Jury—the freemen of the Union—will have discharged its duty! You compose a part of that jury—your voice will then be heard, as it was two weeks since, proclaiming aloud your disapprobation of a "mere military" candidate, and the measures and principles of his party! Your verdict of the 12th was rendered easy and without effort, but mark us well—the enemies of your principles and the slanderers of your candidates are in the field, their reverses have made them desperate, they see defeat and disaster fall before them, which can only be averted by bold and desperate means, and those means, rest assured, they will resort to! Let us have no "fainting," then, Democrats of Erie county, between this and the election; but be firm, be active, be vigilent, and the victory is ours! They boastingly tell us they can get out 800 more vote than on the 12th! Be it so!—you can do the same, if you but try! Nay, we believe you can beat that estimate! We do not know how many of us there are in Erie county until we all go to the polls—until we record our votes! Let us see to it, then, friends, that we, and you, and all our neighbors come up to the work on Tuesday, the 2d of November! A few moments conversation with each of our acquaintance—a hint to the forgetful, and a call upon the doubting, is all that is necessary to get out a full vote; and with a full vote we are invincible! Let us have no "fainting" now, friends, and we shall see any quantity of "fainting" Whigs shortly?

☞ The Tribune's Dishonesty.—The editor of the New York *Tribune* who has been deceiving his readers into the belief that Gen. Scott was sure of carrying the State of Pennsylvania, and who was well aware that the State election would show up the deception, as it has done, in order to do away with the effect in his paper of the 12th inst. said:—"Thus, in 1848, in Pennsylvania, the October election returned a Locofoco Canal Commissioner by a majority of 4 000, and yet in November Gen Taylor led Gen Cass by no less than 13,000 votes. The result of to-day may be similar; but whatever it may be, we warn our friends against attributing to it more weight than it ought to possess." He does not state, however, that the *Governor*, and *not the Canal Commissioner*, was the test of the election in 1848, and that on that officer the Whig candidate, Johnston, *was elected by a majority of some three hundred!* He keeps out of sight, too, the fact that Mr. Van Buren received some 11,000 votes, principally, from Wilmot's district, who are all for Pierce and King. He has been guilty of this dishonesty in order to keep up the spirits of the Scotties until the final struggle in November. But the 18 000 majority which our glorious old State has given to the Democratic ticket makes the whigs shake like "Belshazzer," notwithstanding the efforts of the "spitting philosopher" to encourage them.

☞ It is very evident that there is a determination to misrepresent the result of the elections in Ohio and Pennsylvania, on the part of the Whig papers. The *Commercial* and the *Gazette* announce, *Editorially*, that the whigs have made large gains in both States—in the former on Gen. Cass' majority in '48, and in the latter on Bigler's majority last fall Now in Ohio, the whigs have actually lost, taking Gen. Cass' vote as a comparison, and in this State let the figures we give in another column be the refutation. In view of this, what reliance can be placed upon the statement of these papers, which will merit and receive the curses of verdant whigs, who have been silly enough to risk their money upon them.

☞ Ridiculous Effrontery.—This campaign has produced nothing more absurdly ridiculous than Gen. Scott's effusion of soft soap upon adopted citizens during his Western tour—ridiculous because of the absurdity of attempting to keep up distinctions among citizens of the same country, and doubly so as coming from the man who is the author of the famous Astor House letter perpetrated under the spur of "indignation," and subsequently elaborated into the form of a bill for the action of Congress. A man with such immediate antecedents to act as Gen Scott is doing in his electioneering tour must be an inveterate demagogue, and unfit for any position of responsibility in the civil administration of the government.

☞ The Pittsburgh *Journal* had an article the other day the object of which was to show that there had'nt been much of a political show in this state, headed "figures cannot Lie." The next day it had another showing from the "official" note that Allison, whig, was elected in the Beaver Congressional district; and immediately under it, another statement from the "official" vote, that Allison was defeated. Now it is evident from this that "figures can lie," notwithstanding the *Jounal* says they cannot.

"Blind Leaders of the Blind"—The Erie papers, we are told, have not published the Platforms of the Baltimore Conventions up to this date.—*Conneautville Courier.*

So far as we are concerned, you have been "told" a *lie!* We are not ashamed of our platform, for we have no Greeley's to "spit" upon it, but north and south, east, and west, the Democracy stand upon it with clear consciences and clean hands.

☞ Western Hotel, Buffalo.—Reader, if you visit Buffalo stop at the Western Hotel. We have tried several of the Hotels there, and we say unhesitatingly the Western is the place for a business man. Besides the proprietor, Osborn, proverbial for his attention to guests, you will find the Clerk, Myres, one of the cleverest fellows alive.

Fire in the Rear.—Greeley says that "a storm raged in the West on the day of the late election." That is true in one sense. It was a storm in the rear of Gen. Scott. He had just been through Indiana, Ohio, and Pennsylvania, and the storm followed him. It is a "fire in the rear" that Greeley and his Scott Whiggery do not relish.

Scott's Nativism.—Mr Clingman, Whig M C., from North Carolina, has written a strong letter against Gen. Scott, in which he says:

During the session of the Whig Convention at Philadelphia that year, (1848,) I had some conference with Mr. Thurlow Weed, the Editor of Albany *Evening Journal*, and with Mr. Horace Greeley, the Editor of the New York *Tribune*, both of them being well known as intimate friends and mouth pieces of William H. Seward. They were utterly hostile to Gen. Scott, and said that he could not possibly be supported by them, on account of his Nativism and various other points enumerated by them. Why is it that Mr. Seward and those gentlemen have since taken up Gen. Scott and given him the nomination?

☞ Philosopher Greeley.—Who says Greeley is not a philosopher? If any one has said so, let him retract, for is'nt it a sign of true philosophy to find comfort even in disaster; and Greeley finds comfort even from the Pennsylvania returns. True, the Democrats have secured a joint ballot in the Legislature of about *twenty*—a majority of Congressmen—and their State ticket by some 18 000 majority at least—yet all that signifies nothing—Gen. Scott will walk over the State, and carry every thing before him! The reason why, is not made very manifest, further than that Pennsylvania will go in for anything that has a military feather about it. That is about the sum and substance of Greeley's hope—designed to keep up the spirits of his readers. He is cramming them with such fine items of hope in regard to the success of Scott whiggery at the State ... that it won't do to deprive them suddenly of all ... like a skilful physician, he keeps up the ... They will have the harder time of it hereafter.

☞ Mr. Stanley, of North Carolina, stated in his New York speech that during his five years in Congress, he had "never even *heard* the name of Frank Pierce." Upon this, the New York *Mirror*, a whig paper, remarks, "It is singular that Mr. Stanley should never have heard of Frank Pierce, Senator Pierce, Gen. Pierce—a man who has *refused more high offices than almost any other man has ever filled.*"

☞ Those Sweet Potatoes from Clark and McCarter's were first rate—the real southern article, raised in Delaware. You who like this vegetable, had better call before they are all gone!

OFFICIAL RETURNS OF ERIE COUNTY—OCT. 1852.

	Canal Com.			Judge S. C.			Congress.			Senate.			Assembly.						Sherif.		Com.		Co. Tr.		Auditor.		D. Poor.	
	Jacob Hoffman,w	William Hopkins,d	Jonas Wagman,fs	Joseph Buffington,w	Geo. W. Woodward,d	Wm. M. Stephenson,fs	John Dick,w	Geo. H. Cutler,d	David A. Gould,fs	James Skinner,w	David Derickson,ind	Chas A. Hammond,in	Charles W. Kelso,w	H. A. Hills,w	James Hoskinson,ind	John McKee,ind	Job Stafford,fs	Nathaniel Wilson,fs	Thos. B. Vincent,w	James H. Campbell,in	R. R. Robinson,w	Gilbert Hurd,ind	James Chambers,w	James M. Reed,ind	Oren Reed,w	D. W. Vorce,ind	Jos. B. Moorhead,w	John Parmeter,ind
Erie—east ward,	173	200	4	189	198	4	166	199	4	207	188	3	164	162	197	196	5	5	175	183	164	185	163	193	165	184	164	190
" west	226	161	6	224	164	7	226	162	7	240	148	6	220	214	167	167	7	7	219	149	218	157	221	155	220	150	224	156
M'Kean.	178	69		176	67		173	65	23	192	51	22	159	164	84	84			168	101	177	66	179	54	155	103	173	69
Fairview,	202	55		203	51	4	202	35	6	189	47	6	203	177	36	37			157	110	196	24	195	24	193	25	204	22
Springfield,	195	63	22	197	62	24	193	62	29	189	59	25	189	133	78	99			188	77	188	63	187	24	183	22	181	36
Conneaut,	189	110		197	108		203	95	8	194	110	4	206	180	113	138			181	134	186	116	189	89	183	93	184	96
Waterford tp.,	171	80		167	83		169	79		170	77		169	167	75	77			174	76	152	12	151	62	156	61	151	56
Harborcreek,	203	103	29	198	102	32	203	107	34	210	89	29	196	198	112	112	34	33	192	111	199	100	233	63	195	102	196	100
Northeast tp.,	117	119	8	117	121	11	119	121	9	122	113	12	116	117	117	117	11	11	120	122	119	117	115	119	111	169	117	116
Greenfield,	57	22		59	20	11	59	24	71	61	16	1	58	58	24	24	13	13	61	21	59	20	59	19	59	19	59	15
Union,	98	77	7	103	77	7	102	71	9	103	73	3	105	99	71	71	5	5	84	86	99	76	97	75	99	74	97	73
Venango,	165	55	5	105	53	7	107	45	6	107	47	4	104	105	44	44	7	7	102	54	104	30	104	38	105	40	105	38
Washington,	157	84		159	84		160	83	16	119	122	16	156	98	92	150			101	162	139	75	140	91	141	75	140	88
Greene,	103	113		100	113		104	114		123	91		104	101	113	116			99	111	103	108	101	111	104	109	108	111
Elkcreek,	116	116	17	126	109	19	112	110	33	123	144	28	133	133	122	126			111	159	127	46	123	107	125	118	124	108
Amity,	55	89	1	55	90		54	88	1	59	84	1	55	55	91	91	1	1	50	90	55	88	55	91	55	88	55	89
Concord,	26	36	46	24	29	45	26	39	47	24	44	21	25	25	38	38	40	40	31	36	27	30	26	26	26	27	25	31
Wayne,	40	71	33	37	68	32	37	72	35	40	68	35	38	39	70	71	34	34	41	72	36	69	37	71	37	67	39	69
Lebœuff,	77	87		72	90		79	90		76	88		69	69	85	84			78	97	74	71	75	74	68	72	71	68
Girard tp.,	253	128	14	251	134	14	254	131	16	236	179	16	209	192	175	187			226	156	241	131	240	131	233	143	230	125
Millcreek,	252	152	5	250	160	8	252	154	5	256	137	8	239	238	138	140	8	8	241	155	244	126	245	136	248	131	244	130
Northeast bor.,	55	45	2	55	41	2	56	44	2	58	39	2	54	53	47	47	2	2	56	43	53	43	54	45	49	45	54	43
Waterford bor.,	63	51		61	50		64	52		68	48		60	60	44	44			99	20	56	40	52	44	50	39	55	43
Edinboro,	28	19		28	19		21	23	4	12	35	4	17	5	27	39			4	46	15	21	13	21	12	20	11	19
Franklin,	34	14	12	30	10	16	33	15	24	31	9	23	33	32	16	16			19	48	32	13	31	11	38	10	30	15
Wattsburg,	23	24	1	24	24	1	25	23	2	24	23	2	24	25	22	22	2	2	25	24	23	22	24	22	23	24	25	22
Girard bor.,	61	37		60	38		54	49		48	43		35	33	56	58			52	46	51	38	55	35	47	42	51	38
	3257	2180	212	3247	2165	244	3253	2152	321	3271	2172	271	3140	2932	2254	2305	163	168	3954	2489	3137	1836	3164	1931	3079	2002	3117	1952

MARRIED.

On Monday last, by the Rev, G. A. Lyon, Mr. Francis F Ferguson, of Springfield, and Miss Harriet E. Hays, of this city.

On the same day, by the same. Mr Albert Kellar, and Miss Ellen Godfrey, both of Girard.

On the 14th inst, by the Hon Judge Galbraith, Dr. P. Hall, of this City, and Miss Catherine, daughter of M. Warfel, of Millcreek

On the 10th inst., by the Rev J. W. Lowe, Mr. J. E Hyde, of Pittsfield, Ill, and Miss Harriet L. Blake of this city.

On the 7th ult, by the Rev. J Uncles, Mr Hiram Loomis, of Lapert Co., Ia, and Miss Sarah A. Mann, of North East.

On the 13th inst., by the same, Mr. Albert Page, of Venango, and Miss Polly Jones, of North East.

On the 17th inst., by Z L. Webster, Mr. Allen Crane, of Ashtabula Co., Ohio, and Miss Fanny Blodget, of the same place.

DIED.

In this city on the 20th inst., Mrs. Mary Ann Laird, in the 66th year of her age.

On the 17th inst., Mrs. Elcia Terry, of Millcreek township, aged 56 years.

On the 17th ult., at her late residence, Mrs Lois Russel, relict of the late Giles Russell, Esq., of Millcreek tp. aged 71 years.

Attraction at Rosenzweig & Co.'s
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE,
Wright's Block, State street, Erie, Pa.

The Proprietors of this establishment, beg leave to announce that they have now on hand a large varied and elegant assortment of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

To which they invite the attention of the public, confident that in style and finish it cannot be excelled. Our stock consists in part of the following, viz: Dress and Frock Coats, Sacks and half sacks of cloths, cassimeres and tweeds, all of new style and at very low prices Oversacks and Bangups of black, brown, blue and drab Beaver, Felt, Pilot and Plushing Cloths.

VESTS! VESTS!! VESTS!!!

A rich and most beautiful assortment ever offered, satin black and fancy silks, Merino, Valentia, Italian Cloth, Satinett, double and single breasted of every variety of material and pattern, Under Shirts and Drawers of every description.

Boys' Clothing,

Consisting of Boys and Youths' Sack, Frock and Body Coats, Over Coats, Pants and Vests of all sizes and qualities and at very low prices.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS!! SHIRTS!!!

Fine white Shirts of Linen and Cotton, of the newest styles and make, fancy check, hickory and blue striped Shirts of every kind. In fact, you will find every article in our line at No. 1, Wright's Block. Call and examine quality and prices.

Oct 16 1852. 23

PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, in and by an act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, passed the 2d day of July, 1839, entitled an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth, it is enjoined on me to give public notice of such election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: *And Whereas*, by a supplement to said act, passed April 11th, 1848, it is enacted that the election for electors for President and Vice President of the United States shall, in the year of our Lord 1848, and every fourth year thereafter, to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November In pursuance whereof, I, PETER E. BURTON, High sheriff of the county of Erie, do therefore make known and give this public notice to the electors of Erie county, that on Tuesday the 2d day of November next, (being the Tuesday next after the first Monday of the month,) a General Election will be held in the said county, at the several election districts established by law therein.

The electors of the city of Erie to meet at the Court House in Erie.

The electors of Millcreek township to meet in the house now occupied by F. Eichenlaub, in Eagle Village.

The electors of Harborcreek township to meet at the school house near Walter Greenwood's.

The electors of North East township and borough, to meet in the south room of the school house near the public square, in the borough of North East.

The electors of Greenfield township to meet at the school house near E. Eaton's

The electors of Venango township to meet at the school house in the village of Lowville.

The electors of Wattsburg borough to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of Amity township to meet at the school house near Chaffey's

The electors of Wayne township to meet at the house of Elijah Carter

The electors of the borough of Waterford to meet at the house of John Curtis.

The electors of Waterford township to meet at the House of P. E Judson, in the borough of Waterford

The electors of Le Bœuff township to meet at the school house No 2.

The electors of Washington township to meet at the house now occupied by A. Robinson, in the borough of Edinboro.

The electors of the borough of Edinboro to meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of Franklin township to meet at the house of Thadeus Mills, Jr.

The electors of M'Kean township to meet at the house of Jonathan Bushingham

The electors of Greene township to meet at the school house near Wm Lawrence's, on the Lake Pleasant road.

The electors of Concord township to meet at the house of Simeon Stewart.

The electors of Fairview township to meet at the school house in the village of Fairview.

The electors of Girard township to meet at the public school house in the borough of Girard.

The electors of the borough of Girard to meet at the school house in the East Village of Girard.

The electors of Elkcreek township to meet at the house of A. Dorn, in Cranesville.

The electors of Conneaut township to meet at the school house near E. Salsbury's

The electors of Springfield township to meet at the school house near John Scott's.

The electors of Union township to meet at the school house at Union Mills.

At which times and place the qualified electors aforesaid will elect by ballot *Twenty-seven persons for Electors of President and Vice President of the United States.*

I also further give notice to ... the said act I am directed, "that every person, excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office of appointment or profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any City or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State or the United States, or of any City or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or Common Council of any City, or any Commissioner of any Incorporated District, is by law incapable to hold or exercise at the same time the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and that no inspector or judge or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office then voted for."

And by the 4th section of an act of the General Assembly, passed the 16th day of April 1840, it is provided, "that the 13th section of an act passed the 2d day of July, 1839, entitled an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth, shall not be so constructed as to prevent any military officer or borough officer from serving as judge, inspector or clerk at any General or special election in this commonwealth."

Pursuant to the provisions of the 61st section of the said act, "every general and special election shall be opened between the hours of 8 and 10 in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment, until 7 o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed."

The 2d section of the supplement of the 11th April, '48 provides that "every year in which the citizens of this Commonwealth shall vote for electors of President and Vice President of the United States, the Assessors of the several wards, townships, incorporated districts and boroughs within the Commonwealth, except within the city and county of Philadelphia, shall, at all reasonable hours and until ten days of the time fixed by law for the election of electors of President and Vice President of the United States, on the personal application of any white freeman claiming to be assessed within their proper ward, township, incorporated district or borough, or claiming the right to vote therein, as being between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and having resided in this Commonwealth one year, enter the name of such person on the list of taxable inhabitants. and said Assessors shall, at least eight days previous to the day fixed for the election of said electors, make out duplicate copies of the name or names so entered, and after certifying and signing the same, shall deliver one copy to the Commissioners of their respective counties, to be filed by said Commissioners in their respective offices and the other copy said Assessors shall hold and hand over, without alteration or addition, to one of the inspectors of the proper election district on or before eight o'clock on the morning of the day fixed for the election of said electors."

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 76th section of the act first aforesaid, the Judges of the aforesaid districts shall respectively take charge of the certificate or return of the election of their respective districts, and produce them at a meeting of one judge from each district, at the Court House in the city of Erie, on the third day after the day of election, being for the present year on Friday the 5th of November, next, then and there to do and perform the duties required by law of said judges. Also, that where a judge, by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend said meeting of judges, then the certificate or return aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties *required of said judge unable to attend.*

Given under my hand at Erie, this 4th day of October, A. D. 1852, and of the Independence of the United States the seventy-seventh.

PETER E. BURTON, Sheriff.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, and now open for inspection of the public a large and most desirable selection of Fall and Winter dress goods, which we are determined to dispose of at very low rates, our motto being small profits and quick sales. You are respectfully invited to call and see our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere GEO. SELDEN & SON

Erie Oct. 9 1852—22 No. 6 Tracy's Block Cheapside

Bay State Shawls cheaper than the cheapest at
Oct. 9 1852—22 G. SELDEN & SON's.

Muslin de laines of beautiful styles also all wool de laines at 22 G. Selden & Son's.

French and English Merinoes, Mohair dress goods and Alapacas at a very low figure at 22 G. Selden & Son's.

A Large and beautiful lot of Bonnett ribbons for fall and winter trade, selected with due regard to the prevailing fashions at Erie Oct. 9 1852—22 G. SELDEN & SON's.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweedes, Satinetts and Jeans very low at Oct 9 1852—22 G SELDEN & SON'S.

Sheetings, Shirtings, stripe Shirtings Ticking Canton Flannel &c. at No 6, Tracy's Block Cheapside
Erie Oct. 9 1852. 22 GEO SELDEN & SON.

Whiskey by the bbl, at 1—2 per gall, and a good article at J. G. & W. I. Mills,
June 5. No. 3, Williams Block, Erie, Pa.

New Goods Again.

Cook is receiving more New Goods, some elegant styles of all wool delains, also, plain delains, and French merinoes all of fine selections of colors, thousands of yards of delains both plain and figured from 12½ to 30 cts per yard. English prints, and Polka *delains, new patterns and remarkably cheap, French work collars* from one dollar to seven, also Undersleeves and Chemezetts Embroidered L. and C. Hdk'fs, Mull and Lace Edgs and Insertings, Emb'd Bands from one to nine shillings per yard, also Ribbons Gloves and Hosiery of all kinds. No better bargains can be had at any store in Erie. Erie Oct 2 1852—21

Erie Gas Company.

Notice is hereby given, that an assessment of 25 per cent has been made on the subscription to the capital stock of the "Erie Gas Company," the immediate payment of which is required. Erie Oct. 2 1852-21 Benjamin Grant, Treas.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION.

Mrs. Curtis having returned from New York has opened her Fall stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods, comprising, as usual, the newest styles. The following embrace a part—Bonnets of every variety, ribbons in abundance of every quality, Dress Caps, Head Dresses, Artificial Flowers, Plumes, French worked Collars and Cups, Under Hdk'fs and Sleeves, Insertings, French Dimity, Embroidered Linen Hdk'fs, Thread Laces, Black Laces, materials of all kinds for Bonnets, wide silk, velvet for cloaks, silks, satins and velvets of all colors, gloves and hosiery of all sizes and kinds, mitts both long and short, velvet ribbons, dress and cloak trimmings of every kind worn, cords and tassels of different sizes, articles for mourning, hair combs, worsted braid, fringes and gimp, straw cord, gilt and embroidery cord, embroidery paterns, marking canvass and crewel, knitting yarn and needles, fancy baskets, in fact every article belonging to a complete assortment of Ladies' Millinery, which will be sold, wholesale or retail, at reduced prices for cash.

My facilities for doing business are such that I can and will sell goods as cheap as any House west of New York of the same quality.

Milliners furnished as usual at reduced prices. Ready made Bonnets and cloaks constantly on hand All orders attended to with neatness and dispatch Corner of State and fifth streets, Erie Pa Oct 2 1852. 21

NO FIZZLE.

In those days of fizzles and failures, it is cheering to find even one project which has proved successful, such is the effort which we have made to supply the citizens of Erie with cheap

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Rejoice with us fellow citizens that every man be they Democrat or Whig, can now talk of the affairs of the nation, and exercise that perogative of freemen the right of suffrage, with a good understanding. Who will now talk of his favorite candidate in a pair of torn Boots; none Every man can now be supplied with Boots and Shoes of any quality or price, and Ladies have reason to say emphatically, *There is no fizzle at*

ELDER & COWDEN'S

Erie Oct. 2 1852—21 East side of the Diamond.

Magazines for October.

Graham and Godey's Magazines for October have been received, and are for sale at No. 9, Brown's Hotel.

VALUABLE PROPERTY

For Distillers, Brewers, Malsters, Starchmakers or Tanners.

I offer for sale my Distillery Property, situated on French and Penn streets 200 feet front on French and 155 feet front on Penn street, north and adjoining the Railroad, containing about one acre of land, having erected thereon a large and substantial two story Frame building, large barn, also, brick and wood Pens, which can be converted to other uses. There is connected with the property a perpetual Water Right of great value for any manufacturing purpose. For terms and further information inquire of the subscriber. H. B. HAVERSTICK,

Erie Oct. 16 1852. 23

Desirable Private Residence for Sale.

As I intend leaving Erie, I will sell my House and Lot, situated on Fifth street, on reasonable terms, and easy payments. Inquire of H. B. HAVERSTICK.

Oct. 16 1852. 23

Embroidery.

Just received 1000 Embroidered Collars which will be sold from 50cts to 2,00 a piece being less than what they cost to import, also black and col'd Silks, ribbons, French Flannel, all colors, French Merinoes, &c., at the New York Store No. 6 Bonnel Block. MERRICK & DAVIS.

Erie Oct. 16 1852. 23

Administrators Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Erie county will be sold at public vendue on the premises on Wednesday Nov. 17th 1852 at 1 o'clock P. M. the following described property to wit: All the right title interest and claim of Andrew Sherod, late of Washington township, deceased, in and to the following described piece or parcel of land situate in Washington tp, county of Erie, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded as follows, to wit: Commencing at a post the centre of the Crain road, the southwest corner of land of Adam Walt, thence along the centre of said road east two hundred and one perches to a post, thence east by the same three and two tenths perches to a post, thence north by the same seventy five perches to a post, thence west by land of Jeremiah Brewer forty four perches to a post, thence north by same twenty one perches to a post, thence west by the same, and land of William Lawrence one hundred and fifty perches to a post, thence north by land of James Campbell seventy seven perches to the place of beginning, containing one hundred acres of land, and the usual allowance more or less, *excepting* and reserving however, out of the above piece of land about three acres and two-thirds of an acre of land off the north side heretofore deeded by Owin Seley to Cyrus A. Colbert on.—Terms, one-fourth on confirmation of sale, the balance in three equal annual instalments, with annual interest, to be secured by Judgment Bond and Mortgage. C. M. GREENFIELD,

Oct. 16 1852—4t23. Administrator

Notice to Jurors and Parties.

In consequence of the Presidential election taking place on Tuesday the 2d day of November next, Jurors and Witnesses summoned to attend Court on Monday the 1st parties and others interested are notified that the Court will not meet until Wednesday the 3d day of November, at 10 o clock A. M.

Oct. 16 1852—21 P. E. BURTON, Sheriff.

1852. FALL AND WINTER GOODS. 1853.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT JUST RECEIVED AT

WARREN'S

Hat and Furnishing Store,
No. 8, Brown's New Block, State street, Erie.

Consisting of all Goods in his line. Hats of every variety of style and quality, made expressly to order for this market, also a very large stock of Kossuth, Cassimeres and Caster dats, with a variety of Caps for men, youths and children of our own make, of Cloth, Oil, Silk, French, German, Prussian, Belgian and Mohare Plushes of various styles and prices, constantly on hand or made to order; also, a large stock of buffalo robes and Ladies Furs, Muffs, Victorines and Mufflers of all styles and prices, with a large stock of Gents Furnishing Goods, consisting in part of shirts, wrappers, drawers, scarfs, cravats, handkerchiefs and collars (three ply of the very best,) and so large a stock of gloves and mittens, we have not room to enumerate them, with valises and trunks constantly on hand of our own manufacture, also carpet, enamel and patent leather travelling bags and umbrellas. In short, a large and complete assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, selected and made with the greatest care so that every customer may not fail to get the worth of his money.—Come and see if these things are not so, and judge for yourselves, at No. 8, Brown's New Block

N. B.—Hats, Caps and trunks repaired or made to order, and Buffalo Robes lined or other Fur work done on the shortest notice. Oct 16 1852—23 JOHN H. WARREN.

Strayed.

Strayed from the subscriber living in Erie, about the first of September last, a bob tailed sorrel horse, about 14 hands high, is stuffed in the off hind leg, said horse is about 12 years old. Any person finding said horse, or giving information that will lead to his recovery will be liberally rewarded.

Oct. 16 1852—3t23. WM. MECHEN.

HOME AGAIN.

Friends are again informed that my office is again open for business, and contracts which have been awaiting my return may now be completed. Don't keep diseased teeth to annoy you through the coming winter, for probably, they may be saved and made comfortable; but, if useless, here are new instruments for extracting them, intended to operate better and more gently than those of the old style,—and a site very comely Artificial Teeth to take the place of those you lose.

I have brought some new plans for remedying irregularities; and hope parents will pay especial attention to this fact, because during youth is the favorable period for correcting the deformity of misplaced teeth. W. E. MAGILL, Dentist,

Erie, October 16, 1852. 3t23

Still Troubling the Trade.

Cheap Goods always bring a rush At least so CLARK & METCALF find in their experience. They are compelled again to replenish their stock with *Cash* bought Fall Goods, which are now beginning to pour in at a rate that troubles the "brethren in trade" vastly. Poor fellows they might have foreseen the triumph of the *new system* if they had examined into it as those who *formerly* were their customers have done, and who now while they pity the credit system, gents will go to No. 1, Reed House to buy their goods. Erie, Sept. 25.

New York Store Triumphant!
THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE TRADE.

The subscribers grateful for the liberal patronage they have received, would inform their customers and the public, that they are now prepared with a new and splendid assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, to offer them such bargains as have never before been heard of this side of New York city. It is unnecessary to enumerate articles or prices, but suffice it to say, that our facilites are such that our facilities are such that we shall be in the receipt of new and desirable Goods weekly, during the fall and winter; and we can, we will and we do sell the *same styles* and *qualities of goods from fifteen to twenty-five per cent less* than any house in this city. Any particular style of goods, which customers may want, and not be found in this market, will be furnished in 24 hours time, by leaving your orders with us—Please call and examine goods and prices, at the New Store, No. 6 Bonnell Block. MERRICK & DAVIS

Erie, Sept 25, 1852. 20

PIANO FORTE EMPORIUM.

361 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK. The most extensive *and varied assortment of Rosewood Piano Fortes*, plain and ornamental, elegant patterns, elaborately carved, and highly finished with Pearl keys, all of our own manufacture, and warranted in every particular, can be found at our Warerooms, 361 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK. Sept 23—1y20. BENNETT & CO.

Commencement of the Campaign.
AT NO. 1, BROWN'S BLOCK.

Such piles of *Cheap Dry Goods*, consisting of the most recent importations of De Laines, Cashmeres, Merinos, Alpacas, together with a very general assortment of Domestic Goods as are now opening by us, will reward a visit, while our extensive stock of Silks and Fancy Dress Goods challenge comparison either in regard to quality, or price, with any other establishment. Without boasting of "cash purchases," we will only say that we buy on terms which will enable us to sustain the reputation of the "cheap store." Our friends and former customers, and a host of new patrons, will find us ready to sell cheap and supply their wants. TIBBALS & HAYES.

Erie, Sept 25, 1852. 20

GLORIOUS NEWS!
THE MOST IMPORTANT DISCOVERY YET MADE!!

PHILLIPS' PATENT LIQUID GLUE!!!

For Carpenters, Brush Makers, Book Binders, Cabinet Makers, Housekeepers, Druggists, &c This being a Patent Glue, in a Liquid state always ready for use, requires no fire; it is free from smell, and will keep liquid in any climate; it also acts as Cement for Wood, Stone, China, Glass, Iron, Marble, Paper, or any substance as a paste or gum it stands unequaled; its reputation, wherever it has been introduced, is of the first order; and saving to Mechanics, is observable at first sight We offer liberal inducements to Hardware men, Stationers, Druggists, &c., and guarantee it to cost less, by 20 per cent., than common or 'one-ry Glue. We are making extensive arrangements for this Fall Trade, and country merchants will do well to attend to this immediately. We are establishing sole agents in all the populous towns throughout the United States. Sold in bottles of three sizes, and also by the gallon. Small samples sent to any part of the United States, *carriage free.*

Also, the British Furniture Polish, in bottles of three sizes—Country Merchants, attend to the above *Apply early.*

PHILLIPS & CO.,

Sept. 4 1851—3m17. No. 4 Cedar-st., near Pearl, New York.

800 GRAIN BAGS.—Just received by Express, wove with out a seam, for sale at the lowest figure at TIBBALS & HAYES', Erie June 12 1851. 5 No 1 Brown's Block.

Carpenters & Joiners Tools.—The place to buy them is at SELDENS

NEW FALL GOODS.

The Empires are now receiving their Fall Stock of Goods, of all kinds, surpassing in richness, beauty, quality and quantity, every importation ever landed in Erie. It would not interest the community to know how we buy our Goods, whether for Cash, or Butter, or whether we pay for them or not, but when any one says they can do, or will sell all kinds of goods below any house in Erie, we say that it is not so. We will convince the community daily that the Empires at Erie, Pa., is not—can not—and shall not be undersold by any establishment West of New York.

Sept 4 1852 17 CADWELL & BENNETT.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Now opening, an extensive assortment of Guitars, Violins, Accordeons, Banjos, Tamborines, Flutes, Fifes, &c., of every price and quality; also, Strings for Guitars, Violins and Violincellos, *of the very best kinds, all very cheap at*

Erie Sept 4-17. T M. Austin's, Opposite Brown's, State st.

For Sale Very Low—*A large and powerful Telescope, costing in England Twenty Pounds, to be sold for one half its cost—warranted perfect in every respect, inquire of*

Erie Sept 4-17. T M. Austin's, opposite Brown's State-st.

MORE FALL GOODS ARRIVING!!
Triumphant Majorities!!!

Bear daily evidence to the fact that the cheap goods in Erie are at Clark & Metcalf's who buy in the right way to undersell, that is with CASH IN HAND. Some men in the trade may feel so troubled about our system of doing business in view of its influence upon theirs as to wish us very bad things and induce them in vengeance to hurl many a little scurrilous missile with intended harm, and which will fall harmless at our feet.—But customers and friends our position is taken and will be maintained, what has been done shall be done again and continued.—We *can, shall* and *will* sell you goods lower than you can buy elsewhere in town. Erie Sept 4-17. Corner s ore Reed House.

Merrimac and other Prints, just received at the Sept. 25. *New York Cash Store.*

Cashmere, Bombazine, Brocade and Alapacas, very cheap at Sept 25. SWENEY'S

A Few more pieces of those splendid Clothe, Cassimeres and Satinetts, just received and for sale cheap by SWENEY.

Ladies Rubber Boots.

Just the thing for muddy crossings and snow drifts, for sale by Sept. 25 WILCOX & NORTON.

Ladies snow Overshoes, a new and desirable style; also, Ladies Fine Gaiters, of all sizes from twos to eights, for sale by Sept 25. WILCOX & NORTON.

Just received, another lot of those fine Calf Water-proof Boots. Sept. 25. WILCOX & NORTON.

NEW GOODS!

Now opening a large amount of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, only a few days from the city, and not surpassed for style and designs as they are of the latest importations.

Erie, Sept. 25. COOK'S Cheap Cash Store.

DRY GOODS!

Great sale of Dry Goods at Cook's Cheap Cash Store, a most magnificent stock of Goods now opening, particularly Ladies Dress Goods, which cannot be surpassed in *style, quality* or *variety*. Also, Embroideries the largest amount ever opened and offered for sale The ladies are solicited to examine this stock of goods, and all will be offered very—very cheap. You can get good bargains at Sept. 25. COOK'S.

ERIE COUNTY FAIR, SECOND EDITION.

Stockton & Fuller with pleasure announce to the Fair *population of Erie county (the balance of Pennsylvania included)* that they are this day opening the richest and largest stock of splendid Diamond and other rich Jewelry, fine Gold Watches, Silver Ware, &c., ever brought to this market The Plowing match having gone by and the exhibition of Schanghai Chickens, Butter and Cheese, Steam Gristmills, and such like vegetables being at an end, we propose to continue the fair for the balance of the season, at our store, where we shall be happy to see all "lovers of the fine arts," and "admirers of the beautiful." Admittance free, and a sumptuous feast without charge. Call early. Erie Oct. 9 1852 9

To Blacksmiths.—I am now receiving a heavy stock of Iron and Steel of all kinds and sizes, also Anvils, Vises, Bellows, stock and Dies, Sledges, Hammers, Horse shoes and Nails, Malable Castings, Brass, Hub and sand Bands, &c., &c., which will be sold at the *lowest* figures. 22 RUFUS REED.

To all whom it may concern—*If you wish to buy Hardware Cheap*, dont fail to call at No 3 Reed House.

Erie, Oct. 9 1852—22 RUFUS REED.

H. Collins best cast steel Axes, Warranted, are selling for $1,00 each at the Cheap Hardware store.

Erie Oct. 9 '52. 21 RUFUS REED.

Pipe, Bar, Sheet and Pig Lead, also Zinc at Oct. 9 1852 22 RUFUS REED'S.

Putnams Patent self-adjusting curtain fixtures, a nice article, also Brass bands, Brass and Glass Pins, at Oct 6 1852 22 Rufus Reed's.

I have now on hand 100 Kegs cut nails assorted from 2d to 60d, 100 Kegs cut Spikes, 100 Kegs wrought Spikes, also a good assortment of wrought and pressed Nails, which will be sold cheap for cash. Erie Oct. 9 1852 22 RUFUS REED'S.

Superior Leathered Carpet Tacks at Erie Oct. 9 1852—22 REED'S

Fire Irons and stands of different patterns at Oct. 9 1852. 22 REED'S.

New Paris Millinery and Fancy Goods.

Mrs. Davis & Co. have removed their fashionable Millinery establishment to the house one door below the Custom House, and will be open on Thursday October 7, 1852, the most elegant assortment of Goods in their line ever offered in this city. Their stock consists of almost everything *New, Rich, or Fancy in the Millinery line,* Such as Silks, Satins, Ribbons, Flowers, Laces, Edgings, worked Collars and Sleeves Bonnets of all styles, qualities and prices, in short everything to be found in a fashionable Millinery Establishment, all of which the public are invited to call and examine.

☞ The Dress making Department will be under the charge of Mrs. Cochran, whose success in giving satisfaction to customers is a sufficient guarantee for the future.

Erie Oct. 9 1852. 22

HERE IS YOUR REMEDY,
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A MOST MIRACULOUS CURE OF BAD LEGS, AFTER 43 YEARS SUFFERING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. William Galpin, of 70, St. Mary's Street, Weymouth, dated May 15th, 1851.

To Professor Holloway, Sir—At the age of 18 my wife (who is now 61) caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. Her agonies were distracting, and for months together she was deprived entirely of rest and sleep. Every remedy that medical men advised was tried, but without effect her health suffered severely, and the state of her legs was terrible. I had often read your advertisements, and advised her to try your Pills and Ointment; and, as a last resource, after every other remedy had proved useless, she consented to do so. She commenced six weeks ago, and, strange to relate, is now in good health. Her legs are painless, without seam or scar, and sleep is sound and undisturbed. Could you have witnessed the sufferings of my wife during the 43 years, and contrast them with her pleasant enjoyment of health, you would indeed feel delighted in having been the means of so greatly alleviating the sufferings of a fellow creature. (Signed) WILLIAM GALPIN.

A PERSON 70 YEARS OF AGE CURED OF A BAD LEG. OF THIRTY YEARS STANDING.

Copy of a Letter from Mr William Abbs, Builder of Gas Ovens, of Rushcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31st, 1851

To Professor Holloway, Sir—I suffered for a period of 30 years from a bad leg, the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works; accompanied by scorbutic symptoms. I had recourse to a variety of medical advice, without deriving any benefit, and was even told that the leg must be amputated, yet, in opposition to that opinion, your Pills and Ointment have effected a complete cure in so short a time, that few who had not witnessed it would credit the fact. (Signed) WM. ABBS.

The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr. W. P. England, Chemist 13 Market-st, Huddersfield

A DREADFUL BAD BREAST CURED IN ONE MONTH.

Extract from a Letter from Mr Frederick Turner, of Penhurst, Kent, dated December 13th 1850.

To Professor Holloway, Dear Sir—My wife had suffered from bad Breasts for more than six months, and during the whole period had the best medical attendance, but all to no use Having before healed an awful wound in my own leg by your unrivalled medicine. I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial in her case and fortunate it was I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends. (Signed) FREDERICK TURNER.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:—

- Bad Legs
- Bad Breasts
- Burns
- Bunions
- Bite of Moschetoes and Sand Flies
- Coco-Bay
- Chiego-foot
- Chilblains
- Chapped hands
- Corns (soft)
- Cancers
- Contracted and Stiff Joints
- Elephantiasis
- Fistulas
- Gout
- Glandular
- Swellings
- Lumbago
- Piles
- Rheumatism
- Scalds
- Sore Nipples
- Sore-throats
- Skin-diseases
- Scurvy
- Sore-heads
- Tumors
- Wounds
- Yaws

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar, London) and by all respectable Druggists and dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in boxes at 37½cts, 87cts, and $1 50cts each. Wholesale by the principal drug houses in the Union, and by Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands, New York.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box 1y21

JUST RECEIVED.

At the Buffalo Furniture Store, a splendid assortment of Sofas, Mahogany Chairs, Mattrasses, &c, which I will sell 25 per cent cheaper than the cheapest.

N. B. All Furniture from this house is warranted.

Erie Aug. 14 JOHN WELSH.

Bleached Goods—A large amount on hand, which will be sold at low rates at July 17 1852—10 J. B. COOK'S.

Progress in the
BOOT AND SHOE TRADE.

Wilcox & Norton, No. 2, Wright's block, State street. Erie Pa., are enabled by their present arrangement, to sell Boots and Shoes, made from the best of stock and of superior workmanship, at prices so reduced as will justify them in proclaiming a New Era in the Boot and Shoe trade in Erie. They have constantly employed a considerable number of the best and most *EXPERIENCED WORKMEN*, in that line, at places where the business can be conducted to the best advantage, and where the best materials can be procured and all necessary *facilities afforded at the lowest possible rates; hence they are enabled to offer the public Boots and Shoes of their OWN MANUFACTURE*, and warranted, at prices so low that even our competitors in Erie do not hesitate to proclaim in public that Wilcox & Norton are selling Boots and Shoes less than cost How that may be matters not with their customers. They think they are realizing small profits, and with the unprecedented amount of their sales, small profits suffices them. If their competitors fall in the rear in the effort to drag their slow lengths along, and find it difficult to labor up the steeps of progress W. & N. will render them every assistance example can bestow, while sporting in the plains above them.

The hundreds of cases of Boots and Shoes they have recently received, together with the almost daily fresh supplies from their Manufacturers enables them to accommodate the varied exigencies of the public with unfailing precision.

India Rubbers.

Their facilities for buying India Rubbers allows them to sell at Retail. No. 1, Rubber, new style, at New York wholesale prices *Enter their doors and the evidence is before you.*

Oct. 2 1852. 21

To Housekeepers.—A good assortment of Table cutlery, nursing knives, plated silver, German silver, Brittania and Iron table and tea spoons, coffee mills, waffle irons, brass and porcelain Kettles, porcelain and tined sauce pans, coffee and tea canisters, brass, iron, brittania and japan candlesticks, paste jaggers snuffers and trays, tea waiters, tea bells, &c. &c., at

Erie June 12 1852. 5 RUFUS REEDS

Mats—Grass, Manilla, and Wool Mats of all sizes and colors for sale cheap at June 26 '52-7. MOORE'S

TEAS! TEAS!! TEAS!!!

The best and cheapest lot of Green and Black Teas in this city can be found at the grocery store of T. W. MOORE.

Erie June 26 1852. 7 Opposite Brown's New Hotel state st.

100 Piano Fortes.
T. GILBERT & CO.'S
NEW YORK WARE ROOMS, 333 BROADWAY.
Corner of Anthony st, and opposite Broadway Bank and Theatre,

Where the largest assortment of Pianos *with and without* the celebrated Improved Æolean may be found—all of which have the Metallic Frame, and *are warranted to stand any climate, and give entire satisfaction*, and will be sold at *great bargains*.—By an *experience of eight years*, resulting in many improvements the *Æolean has been brought to a perfection attained by no others* Nearly 2000 Æoleans have been applied, and the demand is rapidly increasing. Elegant Boudoir or Cottage Pianos convenient for small rooms. T. G. & Co.'s Pianos *are admitted to be superior to all others, owing to their firmness and long standing in tune—Prices same as at the Manufactory.* Dealers supplied at liberal discounts. E. H. Wade's and the entire Boston catalogue of Music and instruction books *at the store at wholesale.*

HORACE WATERS Sole Agent

Constantly on hand an extensive assortment of second hand Pianos in Rosewood and Mahogany cases varying in prices from $30 to $150. Second hand from $150 to $225—Grand Pianos from $300 to $700 Prince & Co.'s Melodeons from $35 to $90. Carhart $33 to $80—Guitars from $10 to $75, &c. &c.

Aug. 21 1852 3m15

Selling off at Cost!

W. H. Knowlton, being desirous of closing his present business, offers to sell out his large and splendid assortment of Goods at cost—consisting of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Pianos and other Musical Instruments, Looking Glasses Lamps, Britannia Ware and a great variety of other fancy articles. Erie June 26 1852. 7

LIGHTNING RODS.

We are now prepared to put up the Premium Rods and Points for any who would like to be protected from the dangers of the lightning. Remember the man that locked his barn after his horse was stolen, and do not wait until your house or barn gets a stroke before you set rods to your buildings. A word to the wise is sufficient.

JODEL & CO

N. B.—All orders from a distance punctually attended to.—Rods and points at wholesale.

March 13, 1852. 114

ATTENTION WANTED.

The attention of Farmers, Bakers and feeders of stock, is respectfully called to an examination of the Conical Burr Stone Grist Mills, just started to do custom Grinding at the Fairmount Mills in Laird. Those Mills are warranted to perform as recommended, and will make better flour with ease grinding than any flat stone whatever, and we challenge competition, having full confidence in these Mills, and shall rely on the judgment of those who make a trial of them, or the work they do, for success and patronage. The first Premium awarded a Medal was awarded to the Conical Mills, at the Ohio State Fair, making over forty premiums awarded to the Conical Mills at the different State Fairs. Apply to J. S. DUNLEAR Agent, American Hotel, or J. L. Sanford, Fairmount Mills, Erie

Middletown, Delaware Co., N. Y.

This is to certify that I have now in use one of Ross' Patent Portable Burr Stone Mills, and I am satisfied that it will more than answer its recommendations. It is the best Portable Mill that has been invented—there is one in use about 9 miles from me that does quite a custom business. I can cheerfully recommend it to the public. E. A. CLARK, Miller.

The subscribers have recently purchased one of Ross' Portable Meal Mills, and take pleasure in certifying that it operates to our entire satisfaction. The meal made by this mill is, in our opinion, superior to any we have used from other mills.

Norfolk, Va., March 7th, 1848. PLUME & CO.

Carterville, Nov 13th, 1851.

"C Ross:—We hereby certify that we have put up and run for about one year, two of your patent Conical Burr Stone Mills, for the purpose of Custom Grinding, at Carterville, Oswego co., and are well pleased with their work, as our patrons are satisfied with the work they do. Respectfully yours, J. & R. CART R.

Valdosta, Laurens Co., Ga April 26 1847

I have tried the Fancy Conical Mill for grinding corn, and have found it to answer admirably. No planter that is not in the vicinity of a public mill ought to be without one, if he can afford to purchase, and his family is sufficiently large to require the use of it; otherwise I would suggest that several farmers of a neighborhood should unite to purchase one in common, which, being established in a central position, will be accessible to all

Very Respectfully Yours, G. M. TROUP.

Erie Oct. 2 1852. 21

Executor's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary with the will annexed, have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Spencer Shattuck, late of Millcreek tp., dec'd. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate to present them properly authenticated for settlement. HENRY SHATTUCK,

September 7 6t20 Executor

Zinc Paint—A supply of this new and beautiful article just received by Erie July 3 1852—8 J. H Burton & Co

Buffalo Ale—Moffat's, Gillman's & Barton's Ale in bbls and half bbls. for sale by J. G & W. I. Mills,

June 5, No 3, Williams Block, Erie, Pa.

NEW BONNETS AND NEW GOODS.

Mrs Curtis having just returned from New York, is now prepared to furnish Bonnets, new styles, together with every article in her line. Sept 25.

New Goods at No. 3 Perry Block.

The subscribers have received their Fall stock of Dry Goods, consisting of the most desirable styles of Ladies Dress Goods, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, &c, with a full supply of Domestic Goods at prices that none will think of looking further to find them cheaper. Our Stock of Groceries is full and as cheap as the cheapest. In the Crockery department we defy competition in price or quality of ware, and all we ask is a call from those wishing to buy, and we will satisfy the most credulous of the truth of what we assert.

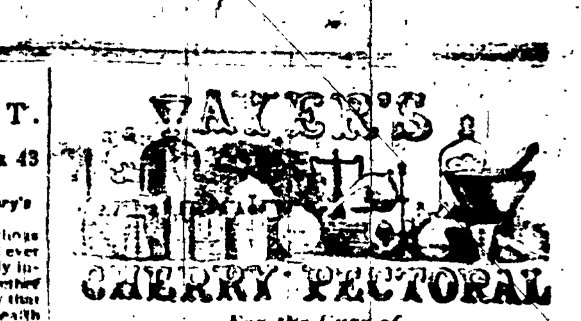
Erie, Sept 23. 1852.—20 ARBUCKLE & KEPLER

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale a valuable Steam Saw Mill situated in Washington township, in this county, on the Erie and Edenboro Plank-road, two miles north of Edenboro, in first rate running order and nearly new, and having abundance of good sawing timber in its immediate vicinity.

Also, a valuable House and Lot and Cabinet Shop, in the borough of Edenboro, in said county. The house and shop is nearly new and in first rate repair, and in a good location for business. The terms will be made very easy, so as to suit the purchaser. For further information inquire of the subscriber in Erie, or to J. J. Culbertson, in Edenboro.

Erie, Sept. 22.—20 C. A. CULBERTSON.



For the Cure of

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP ASTHMA and CONSUMPTION

This invaluable remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs, has attained a celebrity from its remarkable cures, never equalled by any other medicine before. Other Preparations have shown themselves *palliatives*, and sometimes effected notable cures, but none has ever so fully won the confidence of every community where it is known. After years of trial in every climate, the results have indisputably shown it to possess a mastery over this dangerous class of diseases, which could not fail to attract the attention of Physicians, Patients, and the public at large.

See the statements, not of obscure individuals and from far distant places, but of men who are known and respected throughout the country.

The widely celebrated Surgeon, Doct Valentine Mott, of New York City, says:

"It gives me pleasure to certify the value and efficacy of 'Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,' which I consider peculiarly adapted to cure diseases of the throat and lungs."

Dr. Perkins, the venerable President of the Vermont Medical College, one of the eminently learned physicians of this country, writes, the Cherry Pectoral is extensively used in this section, where it has shown unmistakable evidence of its happy effects upon pulmonary diseases.

The Rev. Jno. D. Cochrane a distinguished Clergyman of the English Church,

writes to the proprietor from Montreal, that "he has been cured of a severe asthmatic affection, by Cherry Pectoral." His letter at full length, may be found in our circular, to be had of the Agent, and is worth the attention of asmatic patients.

This letter is from the well known Druggist at Hillsdale, Michigan, one of the largest dealers in the State, and this case is from his own observation.

Hillsdale, Mich, Dec 10, 1849.

Dear Sir. I am lately in receipt of your Cherry Pectoral, I carried a bottle to an acquaintance of mine who, was thought to be near his end with a pulmonary consumption He was then unable to rise from his bed and was extremely feeble. His friends believed the last soon, unless relief could be obtained for him, and I induced them to give your excellent medicine a trial. I immediately left town for three weeks, and you may judge of my surprise on my return, to meet him in the street on my way home from the cars, and find he had entirely recovered. Four weeks from the day he commenced taking your medicine, he was at work at his arduous trade of a blacksmith.

There are other cases within my knowledge, where the Cherry Pectoral has been singularly successful, but none so marked as this. Very truly yours,

G. W. UNDERWOOD.

Hear the Patient:

Dr J. C. Ayer, Lowell—Dear Sir Feeling under obligations to you for the restoration of my health, I send you a report of my case, which you are at liberty to publish for the benefit of others. Last autumn I took a bad cold, accompanied by a severe cough and made use of many medicines without obtaining relief. I was obliged to give up business, frequently raised blood, and could get no sleep at night. A friend gave me a bottle of your Cherry Pectoral, the use of which I immediately commenced according to directions I have just purchased the fifth bottle, and am nearly recovered. I now sleep well, my cough has ceased, and all by the use of your valuable medicine.

E. S. STONE, A. M.
Principal Mt. Hope Seminary.

Hayes, a, Ohio, April 3, 1850.

Dear Sir: I wish I could tell all that suffer with a cough, what your Cherry Pectoral has done for me. It does seem that they might be benefitted by the information. I had a lung fever which left my lungs weak and inflamed. Being very feeble and unable to gain strength at all, my friends thought I must soon sink into consumption. I had no appetite, and a dreadful cough was fast wearing me away. I began to take your beautiful medicine, by the advice of a clergyman, who had seen its effects before. It eased my cough at first, and gave me rest at night. In less than a fortnight I could eat well, and my cough had ceased to be troublesome, my appetite returned, and my food nourished me, which soon restored my strength. Now after five weeks I am well and strong, with no other help than your Cherry Pectoral

Yours with respect
JULIA DEAN.

I hereby certify that the above statement of my wife is in conformity with my own views of her case and her cure, by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral JOSEPH DEAN.

The above named Joseph Dean and Julia, his wife, are personally known to me, and implicit confidence may be placed in their statement.

SAMUEL C. VAN DERWENT,
Pastor of the Baptist Church.

Prepared by J. C. Ayer, Practical Chemist Lowell, Mass.

Sold in Erie by J. H Burton & Co., in North East by B. C. Town & Co., in Girard by J. A. Whiter and by Druggists everywhere, Wallace Sherman, Cranesville 1y26-3m18

NEW WATCH, JEWELRY, AND
FANCY GOODS STORE.
State St., opposite Brown's Hotel, Erie

The subscriber, late of the firm of G. Loomis & Co., comes before the Erie public and the vicinity, soliciting a share of patronage, confident in a large and well selected stock of the cheapest and most fashionable GOODS always at low prices, together with the manufacturing of *Silver Ware and Jewelry*, and close attention to business with unremitting assiduity to support. Having been for the past fifteen years a resident of Erie, and intending to remain the rest of life, the public will find me no "bird of passage," but always on hand trying with the "rest of mankind" to sustain myself and family, in the world, and I pledge myself to endeavor to maintain the reputation I enjoyed by the old firm every particular. Thankful for generous public for my success thus far in life, I shall endeavor to merit a continuance of their favors.

Aug 7 1852—13 THOS M. AUSTIN

N. B.—Watches, Clocks and Jewelry carefully repaired.

Gold and Silver Watches, rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Clocks, Looking Glasses, Gilt Portrait and Picture Frames, S... Camphene and fluid side and suspending Lamps, Glass Lanterns stained and plain Glass, Musical Instruments, Strings, &c, Walking Sticks, French and German Toys, just purchased in New York and receiving and opening new and fresh, at wholesale and retail Call in and see the stock. Buy a cheap clock or something else, if you like, at AUSTIN'S,

Erie Aug 7 1852 13 Opposite Brown's Hotel.

Bog Wood, Amulet and colored Bracelets, just received at AUSTIN'S,

Erie August 7 1852 13 Opposite Brown's Hotel.

CABINET WARE, CABINET WARE!
CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

The subscribers would adopt this method of returning their sincere thanks to the citizens of Erie and vicinity, and the public generally, for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to them, and would state that they have just received from the City of New York and extensive assortment of

CABINET WARE,

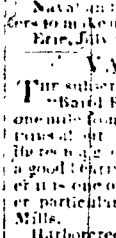
embracing Mahogany Sofas of different styles, Mahogany French edsteads and hairs, Mahogany Tables, with and without Marble Tops, with a list of other articles too numerous for newspaper detail all of which are offered at prices lower than they can be procured at any other establishment west of New York. This is said in no spirit of empty boasting, but from a conviction of its truth, as all will find who may take the trouble to institute a personal examination

They continue to manufacture all varieties of Cabinet Ware—They hold themselves in constant readiness to furnish, at the shortest notice, articles of whatever style or quality Confident of their ability to give satisfaction, they invite to their stock, and their facilities for doing good and cheap work, the attention of the citizens of the city and county.

Mattrasses of all sizes kept constantly on hand.

Erie, July 21. J. H Riblet & Co.

Fashionable Tailoring Establishment.



The subscriber, in gratefully acknowledging the liberal patronage which he has received from the citizens of Erie for the last ... years, would most respectively call their attention to his present location Having erected a new shop on the east side of State street, two doors North of 5th, adjoining J. H. Riblet & Co's Cabinet Ware Rooms, he is prepared again to wait upon and accommodate his old patrons and friends, and hopes that by his usual success in making "good fits," not only to continue in their confidence, but also, thro' their influence, and by his own integrity and attention to business to secure a liberal share of the public patronage which he respectfully solicits.

Naval and Military Clothing made in order and Cutting for others to make up, done with care and promptness.

Erie, July 20, 1852 JOHN GOALDING.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale a valuable farm, known as the "Baird Farm," situate in the township of North East, about one mile from Neeley's Mills, on the Lake shore The farm contains about 134 acres, the most of improvement, having erected thereon a good Farm House, Barns, and other out-houses; also, a good cherry orchard of the best fruit in the county. Altogether it is one of the most desirable farms in the county. For further particulars, terms, &c. apply to the subscriber at Neeley's Mills. JOHN W. McLANE.

Harborcreek July 3 1852. 13 Agent.

Iron & Steel.—Swed, Russia, English, round, square and band Iron. English, Cast, American & Spring Steel for sale by G. SELDEN & SON

A general assortment of Shelf Hardware for sale by GEO. SELDEN & SON.

Window Shades.—Just received by the subscribers a quantity of Window Shades, variety of patterns and prices.

Erie June 26 1852. 7 G. Selden & Son.

Ladies and Gents Kid Gloves of every shade and quality just received at July 3 J. SWEENY'S

Brown and bleached sheetings and shirtings just received at Erie July 3 1852. 8 J. SWEENY'S

RECENT ARRIVAL!
FRESH GROCERIES.

The subscribers have just received at their stand, immediately opposite the Perry Block a large and well selected stock of Groceries, Coffees, Teas, Sugars, Molasses, Rice and a ... articles usually embraced in the list.—Also, Liquors, Fruits, &c. with an assortment of Nuts and Confectionaries. Flattering themselves that their stock in variety and excellence, is not surpassed in the city, they hope to receive a liberal share of the public patronage Their determination is to do business *cheap for cash*, considering the "nimble sixpence" of more worth than the "slow shilling," and that all parties are benefitted by the *ready pay* system

Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Groceries and other articles.

Call quickly lest the stock on hand becomes exhausted in the lapse of a few weeks. Our prices are so low that people will find themselves scarce able to resist the temptation to buy.

Erie, June 19 1850. LANDON & RIBLET.

GIRARD WOOLEN FACTORY!
NOTICE TO FARMERS AND WOOL GROWERS.

Thornton & Brothers, late of Fairview, wish to inform the Wool growers of this section of the country, and the public in general, that they have rented the establishment of L. D. Johnson, and that they will Manufacture Wool into cloth with promptness and dispatch. We gladly tender our thanks to the Farmers and public generally, for their very liberal patronage, while in business at the Eagle Factory Fairview; and deem it unnecessary to keep in mind to our old patrons but to new customers, we have no hesitation in saying that if they will call on us with their Wool, they shall not go away dissatisfied with their Goods or Prices.

We will gladly Manufacture Cloths and Flannels of all kinds, on Shares, or by the yard, as our Customers may prefer.

Custom Carding and Cloth Dressing, done on short notice, and ready at the time appointed. We will do all work as good and as cheap as any other establishment We will give the highest market Price in Cash for Wool

Girard, May 15th, 1852. THORNTON & BROTHERS

Splendid Gilt Portrait and Picture Frames from 8 by 10 to 29 by 36 in size, now opening at Austin's Jewelry store, opposite Brown's Hotel. Erie Aug. 21 15

1 Case printed Lawns, from 10 to 12½ cts. colours warranted.
Erie May 1 1852. 51 TIBBALS & HAYES

CHANGE OF TIME.

Through to Dunkirk in 2½ Buffalo in 4½ hours.

ERIE AND NORTH EAST RAIL ROAD

IN CONNECTION WITH THE BUFFALO AND STATE LINE RAIL ROAD.

ON and after Monday May 10th 1852 trains leave Erie daily as follows, Sundays excepted:

1st Express passenger train leaves at 12 M.
2nd " " " " " 6 P. M.

One Express train on Sundays at 12 M.

The above trains connect at Dunkirk and Buffalo with both the morning and evening trains for New York City via N. Y. and Erie R. Road [illegible] and Albany Rail Road.

Passengers by the [illegible] for Buffalo and wishing to return the same evening have [illegible] in Buffalo.

This Company is prepared to transport live stock and freight of all kinds over their road. Baggage checked to Dunkirk and Buffalo. Fare to Dunkirk $1,00 to Buffalo $2,50. Trains leave by Eastern Rail Road time which is about twenty minutes faster than Erie time. J. F. TRACY,

Erie May 1852. Superintendent of E. & N. E. R. R.

WINES, LIQUORS.

CIGARS Groceries, Pickles, Pickled Oysters, Lobsters, Foreign Fruit and Nuts. J. G. & W. J. MILLS, No. 3 Williams' Block, opposite Brown's New Hotel, Erie, Pa., have just opened a New Establishment, where they are prepared to sell all Articles in their line at the Lowest Prices at Wholesale and Retail. The Stock consists in part of the following articles, to wit:

Wines,	Oranges,	Preserved Fruits,	Maccaronia,
Liquors,	Lemons,	Vermicelli,	Sardines,
Cigars,	Figs,	Plain Pickles,	Anchovies,
Porter,	Raisins,	Mixed Pickles,	Catsups,
Ales,	Nuts,	Pickled Oysters,	Currants,
Cider,	Cocoa,	Pickled Lobsters,	De Orgeat,
Cordials,	Prunes,	Pickled Clams,	Curacoa, Ex Absinthe,

WHISKEY BY THE BARREL.

ALSO—Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Tobacco, Rice, Ground Spices, Crackers by the Box, Soda Biscuit, Crackers by the Barrel, and many other Articles too numerous to mention.

IMPORTED CIGARS.—We import our own Cigars, and can sell them by [illegible] Cigars, at the same prices than any house in the city. Pure and Genuine Wines, Liquors of every description constantly on hand for sale, Wholesale at low rates. Also selected Wines and Liquors for Medicinal or other purposes on hand [illegible] the Dozen or Single bottle which are pure.

AGENCY FOR [illegible] ALE.—Moffats and Gilman &, Barton's Ale, [illegible] by the Barrel, at Buffalo Prices, adding transportation. Also—receiving in their season Oysters in Shell, Keg and Can, from J. G. Mills & Co., of New York, for Sale Wholesale at low Prices.

J. G. MILLS, New York. W. J. MILLS, Buffalo.
A. C. JACKSON, Agent, Erie Pa.

N. B. Hotels, Steam Boats, private Families and Dealers generally supplied with all articles in our line, at Buffalo prices.—ORDERS from City and surrounding country respectfully solicited, and we pledge ourselves that all goods shall be as recommended.

Erie, May 22, 1852. 2

NEW WHOLESALE GROCERY STORE,

AT NO. 7, BONNELL BLOCK, ERIE, PA.

THE subscriber having leased the Store No. 7, Bonnell Block, formerly occupied by Lester, Sennett & Chester, is receiving direct from New York, a large and well selected stock of Groceries, to which he most cordially invites the attention of the trade in this and the adjoining counties. He flatters himself that from his experience in the Grocery business, and his superior facilities for obtaining goods direct from the Importers and Manufacturers, thereby saving the Jobbers' profits, that he can sell to the Merchants favoring him with their patronage, Goods

As Cheap as can be Purchased West of New-York.

And as cheap as can be bought in New York with the addition of expense attended in getting goods to this city. Being determined to make his business **Exclusively Wholesale**, will confine himself to selling by the Package if he can be sustained in so doing. He will be happy at all times to exhibit his goods to those who may favor him with a call. In addition to his stock of Groceries, he has added a choice stock of

Wines and Imported and Domestic Liquors!

to an examination of which he would respectfully invite the attention of Hotel Keepers and others in the trade. The following will comprise a portion of his stock, viz:

New Orleans, Porto-Rico & Cuba Sugars, Powdered, Crushed, Granulated, White and Yellow Coffee, Porto Rico, Muscovado, & Cuba Molasses, [illegible] Syrup, [illegible] Gunpowder and Black Teas in chests, half chests and caddies; Old Java, Rio and Laguira Coffee, Virginia manufactured Tobacco, [illegible] chewing, and papers, also loose and [illegible] Smoking Black and Yellow Snuff, Domestic and Havana [illegible] Segars, Raisins in whole half and quarter Boxes, Currants, [illegible] Pepper, Cassia, Cloves, Nutmegs, [illegible] Ginger, Pepper sauce, Ground Pepper, Pimento, [illegible] Coffee in [illegible] papers, Powder, in whole, half, and quarter kegs, Shot, Lead, Nuts of different kinds, [illegible] Refined Elephant and Whale Oil, [illegible] Mackerel, No's 1, 2, 3, [illegible] Codfish, Herring and White Fish, [illegible] Brandies, Rum, Gin, Monongahela Whiskey, [illegible] Champaign Wines, [illegible] together with most kinds and styles [illegible] Grocery line, and not enumerated in this list, to the inspection of which he would respectfully invite the attention of [illegible] before buying elsewhere.

Particular attention paid to filling orders, and all goods warranted as represented or the money refunded.

Erie, Sept. 20.—19. J. M. SMITH.

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT.

N. MURRAY would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally that he has located himself at the [illegible] & Morton, on the Park Row, where he [illegible] assortment of Tin Copper and Sheet Iron Ware, [illegible] of the best iron, and offered at the lowest [illegible] wholesale or retail. He has on hand Stoves of all [illegible] constructed with reference to [illegible] and of the most durable material. Also a [illegible] assortment of

JAPAN WARE

Which he flatters himself [illegible] in this city.—[illegible] every description constantly on hand. [illegible] business with energy and promptness [illegible] to render satisfaction he hopes to receive [illegible] share of public patronage.

Erie May 1 1852. 51.

UNABATED EXCITEMENT!

SAFE INVESTMENT AND NO HUMBUG.

THE place to purchase Groceries, Wooden and Willow Ware, Wines, Liquors, Oils, Soaps, Candles, Fish, Candies, [illegible] MOORE'S Grocery Store,

Erie June 26 1852. Opposite Brown's New Hotel State St.

Wooden Ware.

A LARGE assortment of the above ware consisting in part of Pails, Tubs, Churns, Butter Ladles, Prints, Steak Mauls, Spoons, [illegible] Potato Mashers, Lemon squeezers, Faucets, Towel Rollers, [illegible] Mop sticks, Clothes Pins, Bbl Covers, Measures, Axe Helves, Keelers, Hobby Horses, Bread Trays, Silk Swifts, [illegible] MOORE'S

Erie, June 26 1852. [illegible] Brown's New Hotel state st.

WILLIAM WILLING'S

Music Store, [illegible] east side of the Park.

A NEW and [illegible] Pianos in [illegible] Buffalo, [illegible] superior Piano Fortes are offered for sale [illegible] expected in a week or two, four splendid Piano Fortes, [illegible] price. Also Accordeons, [illegible] the greatest variety of Sheet Music, Vocal and Instrumental in this city at 25 cents per page, and will be sold [illegible] quantity at a discount [illegible] Violin and Bass Viol strings, at [illegible] and Piano Fortes for rent, Accordeons [illegible] terms. Erie July 31-52. 51

BLACK, Gold, and [illegible] Kid Gloves, Ladies Silk Mitts, [illegible] Lisle thread, and cotton gloves [illegible] May 22 [illegible] JACKSON.

POISONING.

[illegible] Vermifuge composed of [illegible] while they apparently [illegible] loss of sight, weakness [illegible]

[illegible] the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their children's health. In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, [illegible] make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills.

[illegible] ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

Aug 21 1852. 1y15

DENTISTRY.

DR. S. CARROWNELL [illegible] patronage extended [illegible] would [illegible] State st., where he may be found at all times ready to execute Dental work [illegible] also keep on hand an assortment of Dental stock for the accommodation of Dentists from the country. Dentists are invited to call. June 5.

CHEAP FURNITURE

AND CHAIR WARE ROOM

JOHN WELSH, corner of State and Eighth street Erie Pa., will keep constantly on hand a splendid assortment of RICH FURNITURE, which he will sell lower than can be purchased at any other establishment in Erie, manufactured by Smith & Richardson, wholesale and retail dealers in furniture and chairs 171 Main st., Buffalo. They are now manufacturing an article of Sofas very neat and durable, which he will sell from $26 to $50 Call and see. Erie May 1, 1852. 51.

AGENCY

FOR obtaining Bounty Lands, Pensions and Soldiers claims of every nature against the United States, at

DAVID PRESTON & CO'S EXCHANGE OFFICE,

On Jefferson Avenue 3 doors above [illegible] Bank, Detroit, Mich.

Parties in every part of the United States and in the Province of Canada, having claims against the United States for Land, Pensions or pay of any kind will have their claims promptly and properly attended to by addressing the subscribers, post paid.

There are many thousand persons in the United States and very many in Canada (who have served in the U. S. Army,) that have claims for Bounty Land. By an act of Congress, passed Sept. 28, 1850, every officer and soldier who has been in actual service in any war of the U. States (since 1790) as long as one month is entitled to [illegible] of land: 4 months service entitles them to 80 acres: 9 months to 160 acres. By an Act approved March 22, 1852, many persons have claims for land that are not entitled under Act of Sept. 28, '50.

We cannot for want of space, here enumerate the different classes who have claims for Land, Pensions &c., under the different Acts which have been passed. Any person who thinks he has a claim for Land, or a claim of any nature against the U. S. for services rendered by them, or any of their relatives, please write the facts of the case to the subscribers and you will be immediately advised whether you have a claim or not. If you have, proper forms and instructions will be sent you. No fee will be charged in any case unless the claim is established.—We charge but $5 for obtaining 160 [illegible] for 80s, and $3 for 40s.

P. S.—Bounty Land Warrants are constantly bought and sold by the subscribers at the best rates, parties wishing to buy or sell will find it to their interest to advise with us. Every branch of a Banking and Exchange business is done by the subscribers.

DAVID PRESTON & CO.

Aug 21 1852. 1y11 Exchange Brokers, Detroit, Mich.

HENRY S. SLOAN,

TAILOR AND CLOTHIER,

197, Broadway, between Dey and Fulton street New York.

GENTLEMEN'S Furnishing Goods of the latest styles constantly on hand. Naval, Military, Youths' and Children's Clothing made to order with neatness and despatch.

BLEACHED Sheetings and shirtings—5-8, 7-8, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4, and 10-4. Sheeting shirtings, from 6¼ to 25 cents per yard. Erie June 12 1852. 5 TIBBALS & HAYES

LADIES colored and Black Gaiters, Walking Shoes, Buskins, Ties and Slippers, White Kid Opera Ties and a great variety of children's Shoes for sale cheap at

May 29.—2 SMITH JACKSON

By Express

A BEAUTIFUL assortment of rich Eardrops, Broaches, Cuff Pins, &c. just received at

[illegible] 1852—9 STOCKTON & FULLER'S.

I [illegible] PIANO FORTE, which, as we have no good place to keep it, we will sell very cheap.

Erie, Aug. 21 1852—16 STOCKTON & FULLER.

ECKFORD LINE.

THIS Line, possessing unsurpassed facilities, is prepared, upon the opening of navigation, to transport Merchandize, Produce, &c., from and to New York, and the Western States.

SHIPPING DIRECTIONS.

Mk. Packages **ECKFORD LINE**, Ship daily by the

"OLD LINE TROY TOW BOATS,"

Coenties Slip.

Eckford Express.

The Public is informed that such arrangements have been made with the different Railroads and Steamers as will enable this Line to forward Merchandize daily, from New York to the Western and Southern States with the greatest dispatch.

SHIPPING DIRECTIONS.

Mk. Packages, **ECKFORD EXPRESS**, Ship by "PEOPLE'S LINE OF STEAMERS" Foot Courtlandt Street. Shippers are requested to procure Bills of Lading, at the Office, No. 127 Broad street, up stairs.

HUGH ALLEN,
G. B. WILLIAMS, 127 Broad st. New York.
MAXWELL & PATTEN,
JOHN ALLEN, Buffalo.

CONSIGNEES AT LAKE ERIE PORTS.

Jno. Hearn, & Co., Erie, Pa.		J. H. Hall, Conneaut,	O.
M. Watrous, Ashtabula,	O.	D. Knight & Co., Fairport	"
Eddy & Halliday, Cleveland,	"	Walker & Co., Milan	"
E. F. Osborn, Sandusky,	"	A. Godard, Toledo	"
D. B. Miller, & Co., Monroe, M.		Bridge & Lewis, Detroit,	M.

April 17. 49

BUFFALO AND CHICAGO.

1852. 1852.

THE New and splendid upper cabin STEAMER GLOBE, AMOS PRATT Master.

LEAVES ERIE at 6 o'clock A. M.		LEAVES CHICAGO at 6 o'clock A. M.	
Thursday	June 17	Wednesday	June 21
Thursday	July 1	Wednesday	July 8
Thursday	July 15	Wednesday	July 22
Thursday	July 29	Wednesday	Aug 5
Thursday	Aug 12	Wednesday	Aug 19
Thursday	Aug 26	Wednesday	Sept 2
Thursday	Sept 9	Wednesday	Sept 16
Thursday	Sept 23	Wednesday	Sept 30
Thursday	Oct 7	Wednesday	Oct 14
Thursday	Oct 21	Wednesday	Oct 28
Thursday	Nov 4	Wednesday	Nov 10

J. HEARN & CO. Public Dock.
JOHN KEENAN Erie. Agents.

June 12 1852. 5

Michigan Southern Rail Road Line.

BOATS leave Erie daily for Cleveland, Sandusky and Toledo. G. J. MORTON, Agt.

49 Public Dock, Erie, Pa.

1852 1852

CHICAGO and Intermediate Ports the splendid upper cabin steamer HENDRICK HUDSON, L. B. Gouldsmith commander, will leave Erie as follows:

Tuesday,	April	13	6 o'clock A. M.
"	"	27	"
"	May	11	"
"	"	25	"
"	June	8	"
"	"	22	"
"	July	6	"
"	"	20	"
"	August	3	"
"	"	17	"
"	"	31	"
"	September	14	"
"	"	28	"
"	October	12	"
"	"	26	"
"	November	9	"

J. J. PAPPINO Owner.
GEORGE J. MORTON, Agent Public Dock Erie Pa.
JOHN KEENAN Agent, Erie Pa.

Erie, May 1, 1852 3m51.

1852 1852

THE Splendid Upper Cabin Steamers MICHIGAN and JULIUS D. MORTON, will ply regularly between Buffalo, Erie and Green Bay, during the season. For further particulars apply to J. HEARN & CO., or G. J. MORTON, Erie, Pa.
JOHN KEENAN Agent, Erie Pa.

April 17, 1852—49.

1852. BUFFALO AND CLEVELAND. 1852.

TWO Trips per week. Touching at Dunkirk, Conneaut, Ashtabula, and Fairport. The splendid upper Cabin steamer DIAMOND, Captain JOHN G. HERR, will run regularly during the season of 1852, between Buffalo and Cleveland, touching at above ports each way, as follows:

Leaves Erie, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY. Touching at Conneaut, Ashtabula, and Fairport.

Leaves Erie, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 5 A. M., touching at Barcelona and Dunkirk.

For freight or passage apply to J. HEARN & Co., or JOHN KEENAN, Erie, GEO. B. WALBRIDGE & CO., Proprietors, Foot of Washington street, Buffalo.
EDDY & HALLIDAY, Agents, Cleveland.

Erie, May 22, 1852 2

1852 1852

FOR CHICAGO.

Touching at Detroit, Mackinac, Grand Haven, Milwaukie, Racine, Kenosha and Waukegan.

THE staunch and fast Propeller TROY, D. P. DOBBINS, Captain, will leave Erie for the above Ports during the balance of the season as follows:

Thursday July 15,	9 A. M.		Tuesday Sept. 28,	9 A. M.
Tuesday August 3,	do		Saturday Oct. 16,	do
Saturday " 21,	do		Thursday Nov. 4,	do
Thursday Sept. 9,	do		Tuesday " 23,	do

For Freight or Passage apply on board or to
Erie June 26 1852. G. J. MORTON, Public Dock.

PEOPLE'S LINE

1852.

Safe, Pleasant and Expeditious Route to New York

New Passage and Freight Arrangement to and from New York, at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Passengers will be taken from Buffalo by the Express or other trains of Cars to Albany, and from Albany to New York, in the splendid low pressure steamers of the People's Line, all of which are replete with every comfort and convenience.

Steamers ISAAC NEWTON, Com. W. H. PECK, and HENDRIK HUDSON, Com. A. P. St. JOHN, leaving Albany daily on the arrival of the Express Train in the evening, and arriving in New York, at Courtland street Wharf, at 5 o'clock next morning. Leaving New York at 6 P. M. connecting with Morning Express Train at Albany.

Steamers OREGON, Capt. HOYT, and RIP VAN WINKLE, Capt. ROE, leave Albany daily at 6 P. M., on arrival of first Morning Express Train from Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse, arriving in New York, at Robinson street Wharf, at 5 o'clock next morning. Leave New York at 6 P. M., connecting with the Evening Express Train at Albany.

Passengers can be ticketed and their baggage checked to and from New York.

Freight can be contracted for at all the stations on the line of the Buffalo and Rochester Railroad, and from New York at the People's Line office on their Wharf at foot of Robinson street, New York.

Prices Freight from New York to Buffalo, on first class, 86 cents; 2d class 64 cents; 3d class 53 cents; 4th class 37 cents.—Addition Buffalo to New York on 1st class 37 cents; 2d class 50 cents; 3d class 17 cents; and 4th class 10 cents.

I. NEWTON, Agent, New York,
GEORGE J. MORTON, Agent, Erie.

New York, April, 1852.

The splendid steamers ALIDA and REINDEER, will run as a Day Line, leaving foot of Hamilton street, Albany, at 7 A. M. on arrival of Buffalo Night Express, and New York, from Murray Street Wharf, at 7 A. M. connecting with Afternoon Express. Through in 24 hours, making the usual landing at way places. 1f4.

PRINTS at whole sale or retail, cheaper than the cheapest by May 29.—2 SMITH JACKSON

NEW CONCERN!! BRASS FOUNDRY!!!

WEST SIDE OF STATE STREET ERIE, PA.

H. JARECKI, would respectfully inform the public that he has just opened his new Brass Foundry, and is prepared to execute all orders for work in his line with promptness and despatch.

His occupation embraces the manufacture and repairing of brass work on Steam and Fire engines, Carriage and Harness Mountings, Hat bands for Carriages and Buggies, Beer Pumps and Soda Fountains, repaired Engines, Surveying and Musical instruments, fitting keys, also the manufacture of Gudgeon boxes for all kinds of machinery, together with almost every variety of work in the softer metals, such as gilding, plating. He also manufactures German Silver, Copper, Bell metal, Box metal Blocktin, &c. &c.

Cash paid for every kind of old metal, Iron excepted.

Erie May 8 1852 6m52

ERIE DAGUERREAN GALLERY,

Park Row, a few doors West of the REED HOUSE.

SHERMAN is happy to invite all who wish DAGUERREOTYPE LIKENESSES, who are at all particular what kind of pictures they have, to his new Rooms which have been built expressly for the Art. LIGHT is the great agent of the Artist, and it has been the constant study of all worthy of the name since the Art was discovered to employ and control it in the manner best adapted to produce the most favorable results. The result of this study and of thousands of experiments is that there is not a respectable permanent Gallery in the U. States where the pictures are made by a common window, and he who says he can produce superior pictures by such a window proves his ignorance of the Art. The subscriber therefore begs leave to say that by his superior LIGHT, and with an apparatus worth six times any other in this city, he is enabled to produce pictures which cannot be equalled in this part of the country, and offers to excell anything which can be produced in other rooms in Erie, or forfeit one hundred dollars. He has also a splendid Quick Working Camera, with which he takes children of any age. Let it be distinctly understood his pictures will not fade if properly kept.

N. B.—The "recent improvements" may be seen at the above rooms. W. H. SHERMAN

Erie, Sept. 10, 1851. 18

THE CRYSTAL PALACE NOW OPEN FOR VISITORS!

THE proprietor, W. H. KNOWLTON, has just returned from the Empire city, with the largest, cheapest and best assortment of JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS ever before imported from that city west of Dunkirk, all of which are now ready for inspection. On the first floor, No. 1, may be found a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Gold guard and Fob Chains, Keys and Seals, Finger Rings of every description, Breast pins of all sorts and sizes. Cuff pins and bracelets, Gold, Silver, and German silver thimbles, gold pencils and pens; steel Fob and guard chains, Keys, &c. Having made arrangements with the manufacturers at the east to furnish a supply every week fresh from the mint, he will be able to furnish those articles cheaper than any other establishment west of the terminus of the New York and Erie Railroad. Also, on hand, at wholesale or retail, any quantity of Looking Glasses, Brass Clocks and other timepieces.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Such as piano fortes, melodeons, base viols, guitars, violins, banjoes, tambourines, clarionets, flutes, flageolets, fifes, accordeons &c., solar and camphene lamps, and gerondols, extra globes, chimneys and wicks, silver and German silver table and teaspoons, sugar and salt scoops, butter knives.

CUTLERY.—A very fine article of Penknives of the most celebrated makers, Razors and Razor straps, scissors and shears. Gold, silver, and German silver and steel spectacles.

BRITTANNIA WARE.—Tea sets, castors, and candlesticks.

MISCELLANEOUS.—China Cases, Fancy Boxes, Plated and Brass snuffers and trays, steel bag and purse clasps, hair combs, ivory do., steel pens, card cases, visiting cards and envelopes, gammon boards, dominoes, chess men, wallet and pocket books, knives and forks, tea-servers, &c.

All of which will be shown to his visitors at any time between the hours of 6 A. M. and 9 P. M. free gratis, and a small fee only will be taken from those who may wish to take some of said articles home with them.

The Said Palace is located on the ground formerly occupied by said Knowlton, one door west of the Reed House.

Erie, Sept. 6.—17

TO THE LADIES.

MRS. DAVIS & CO., would inform the Ladies of Erie and vicinity, that they have commenced business on the Diamond, 4 doors west of William's Broker's Office, where all kinds of MILLINERY and DRESS-MAKING will be attended to with care. From a long experience in the business Mrs. D. feels confident she shall be able to conduct the business in a manner to give satisfaction to all who may favor her with a call. A new supply of Millinery will be opened the first week in June. Straws bleached and repaired on the most reasonable terms.

May 28.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY,

The most valuable Spring and Summer Medicine in the World!

HALSEY'S FOREST WINE,

PATRONIZED BY THE NOBILITY AND MEDICAL FACULTY OF ENGLAND, AND [illegible] THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY [illegible] THE WORLD.

MEDICINES containing potasses or liquorice, like the boasted sarsaparillas, require many large bottles to restore the slightest change in health. The Forest Wine is altogether a different article—it contains no syrups to give it consistency, but acquires its excellent flavor and powerful medicinal qualities from the vegetable plants of which it is composed. The Forest Wine combines the virtues of the *Wild Cherry, Dandelion, Yellow Dock, and Sarsaparilla*, with other valuable plants whose properties are still more powerful. Its high concentration renders it one of the most efficient medicines now in use. Less than a single bottle restores the lingering patient from weakness, debility, and sickness, to strong and vigorous health. The Forest Wine is recommended, in the strongest terms, for all complaints of the *Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Nervous Disorders, Bilious Affections, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Female Complaints, Scrofula*, and all disorders arising from BAD BLOOD, and impure habits of the system.

SAVED FROM DEATH!!!

Testimony of Mr. Nathan Matthews, a highly respectable and wealthy citizen of Newark, N. J.

Dr. G. W. Halsey:—I believe your Forest Wine and Pills have been the means of saving my life. When I commenced taking them, I laid at the point of death, with Dropsy, Piles, and Asthma. My physicians had given me over as past recovery. While in this dreadful situation your Forest Wine and Pills were procured for me, and before I had finished the first bottle of the Wine and box of Pills, I experienced great relief; my body and limbs, which were greatly swollen, became sensibly reduced. Hopes of my recovery began now to revive, and after continuing the use of your medicines for about a month, the Piles and Asthma were completely cured. The Dropsy, with which my life was placed in such great danger, was also nearly gone. I have continued the use of your medicines until the present time, and I now enjoy as perfect health as ever I did in my life, although I am more than sixty years of age. I ascribe my recovery entirely to the use of your excellent medicines. Several of my neighbors have also used them with similar success in obstinate complaints, and I can cheerfully recommend them to the public.

Newark N. J. Dec. 19 1847. Yours, &c. N. MATHEWS.

GREAT CURE OF LIVER COMPLAINT OF TEN YEARS STANDING!

New York, Jan. 9 1848.

Dr. Halsey, Dear Sir:—Having taken your Forest Wine and Pills to remove a disease of the Liver, from which I have suffered severely for upwards of ten years; and having adhered closely to the directions which accompany the medicines, I have recovered my health, notwithstanding all who knew me thought my case incurable. Previous to taking the Wine and Pills, I had recourse to the best medical treatment, but continued to grow worse to an alarming degree. Some of my friends spoke despairingly of my case, and tried to persuade me from making use of any advertised remedies; and, I doubt not, but what there are hundreds who are dissuaded from taking your excellent medicines, in consequence of the deception and inefficiency of many advertised remedies put forth by unprincipled men in flaming advertisements. But, what a pity it is, that the deception used by others, should be the means of dissuading many laboring under disease, from making trial and being cured by your excellent remedies. Humanly speaking, they have saved my life; when I commenced making use of them, I was in a wretched condition, but began to experience their good effects in less than three days; and, in six weeks from the time I purchased the medicines, to the great surprise of all my friends, I was entirely cured, and had increased 15 pounds in weight, having taken one box of the Pills, and two bottles of the Wine. Would to God that every poor sufferer would avail himself of the same remedies. Yours, &c. JAMES WILSON.

Dr. David Marvin, a celebrated practitioner of New York, declared publicly, that one bottle of Halsey's Forest Wine contained more virtues than 50 of the large bottles of Sarsaparilla. Messrs. S. S. Sammons & Co., the largest and most respectable druggists in Syracuse, in a letter says: "From what they have heard and seen of Halsey's Forest Wine, it is an excellent and good medicine, and will undoubtedly become the leading medicine of the day." Dr. Mott, of New York, also subscribes to the virtues of Halsey's Forest Wine, by recommending it to many of his patients. Seven hundred certificates from physicians, clergymen, and individuals, of known respectability, have been given, testifying to the great cures made by "Dr. Halsey's Forest Wine and Pills." Among them is the cure of Mr. John Sims, of 325 Pearl st. New York,—cured of affection of the Liver, and bad cough, after having been given over by his physicians, who pronounced his case seated Consumption. A child of Mr. William Bowers, Broadway, New York, who had been dreadfully afflicted with Scrofula, of four years standing, cured in less than six weeks time. Mary J. Brown, daughter of Rev. James R. Brown, of Disease of the heart, and incipient Consumption. Others of Jaundice, others of Piles, others of General Debility, others of Gravel, Female Complaints, &c. Dr. Halsey's Office No. 96 Broadway, New York. The Forest Wine in large square bottles, $1 per bottle, six bottles for $5. Gum-coated Forest Pills, 25 cents per box. For sale by the appointed agent in Erie: CARTER & BROTHERS, August 7 1852. 3m13 Agents.

FLOUR, Salt, Fish, Pork, Hams, Oats, Corn, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes constantly on hand and for sale as cheap as the cheapest. W. F. RINDERNECHT.

May 22, 1852. 2

HAVE you seen those Coffee Roasters that are selling for One Dollar at No 3 Reed House. June 12-5. RUFUS REED.

B. T. HARRIS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

199 Main Street, (3 Doors South of Sherman's) Buffalo.

MR. H. having opened an extensive GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING and FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, at the above store, it is his determination to pay exclusive attention to the

CUSTOM BUSINESS.

From the patronage which he has already received, from gentlemen, Mr. H. feels assured that the mode of doing business, which he has adopted, does and will give entire satisfaction to all who desire to have their garments made up in GOOD TASTE from the first quality of MATERIALS.

MR. G. W. FOLTS

Will always be in attendance to wait upon Customers, and take orders of gentlemen wishing a genteel fit and a fashionable garment made upon his best style.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

of the Latest Styles, constantly on hand.

YOUTHS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING made to order with NEATNESS AND DESPATCH.

June 12 1852. 1f5.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

Cheap Books and Stationery!!

DURLIN & SLOAN

NO. 9 Brown's Hotel, state st. Erie, have on hand, and are constantly adding thereto the most extensive and the cheapest assortment of *Books and Stationery* ever offered in this market—embracing History, Biography, Fiction, Poetry, Travels, School, Classical and Blank Books, English, French and American Cap, Letter and Note Papers, Envelopes, steel Pens, &c. &c.—The following are a few of our prices by which the public can judge somewhat of the rest of the stock, viz:

Quarto Bibles, from	$1.75	to	$ 6,00
Pocket " "	,50	"	12,00
Blank Books, Cap H. B. per qr.	,15	"	37
" " " F. B. " "	,25	"	63
Steel Pens, per gross	,62	"	1,00
Envelopes " 1000	1,25	"	2,25
Playing Cards per doz	,75	"	6,00
Cottage Ink, the best in market, per doz.			38

And every thing else in proportion. Call and examine quality and prices, and we are confident we shall be able to satisfy you that No. 9, is the place to buy cheap.

Any quantity of Rags wanted in exchange for Books, at 3 cents per pound.

A liberal reduction from these and corresponding prices, made to those who buy to sell again.

N. B. A good canvasser wanted to solicit subscribers for two popular works, at which good wages can be made, as each book sold yields a profit of from 75 cents to $1.

Erie, July 17 1852. 10

Public Notice

IS hereby given, that an application will be made to the Legislature of Pennsylvania, at its next general Assembly, for the Incorporation of a Bank, to be called the Erie City Bank to be located in the City of Erie, with a capital of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars.

James C. Marshall	Smith Jackson
Henry Cadwell	John C. Beebe
J. H. Fullerton	George Kellogg
J. H. Williams	Guy Loomis
C. M. Tibbals	Presley Arbuckle
H. B. Brown	Thos. Moorhead, Jr.
James Lytle	W. A. Brown

July 3 1852 8

HATS, CAPS AND FURS FOR THE MILLION

Clear the track for

SMITH, No. 3, Cheapside!!

WHO has on hand the largest stock of Goods in his line, ever offered in this market, which were purchased for CASH in the Eastern cities, or manufactured by himself, by which he is enabled to sell them so low that people do say they must have got by the Custom House without paying duty. Well, what if they were smuggled, so that the people can buy

Beautiful Silk Hats for $1.50

Buffalo Robes for $2.50, Mexican Hats for 50 cents, and all other goods at like low prices. For proof of which, all interested can call and examine for themselves.

Don't forget the place, Smith's Cheap Hat Store, No. 3, Cheapside.

Erie November 8, 1851. 26

Groceries! Groceries!!

SIEGEL & KELSEY have opened at No. 4 Wright's Block a very extensive assortment of Groceries of every kind and quality and so long as they sell them at their present low prices, there no longer exists any necessity for county Merchants or others to go to the eastern cities for their supplies, for they can purchase of them at such low prices as will enable them to save the time and money they would necessarily expend going to New York and back, say nothing of the saving in transportation which is of itself no small profit. We hope in order to test the truth of the above you will call and examine our goods and prices, but don't get into the wrong shop; recollect the name and number, Siegel & Kelsey, No. 4 Wright's Block state street Erie Pa.

P. S. We have the sole agency for the sale of Smith & Blanchard's U. S. Eagle self operating Soap. One of the most useful inventions of the age. It has never been equaled and cannot be excelled. It is warranted to be just what it is recommended.—Washes as well in Salt and Hard water as in soft.

Erie June 26 1852. 7

A LARGE assortment of Cook and Parlor Stoves, just received at MURPHEY'S,

Erie, May 15th, 1852. on Park Row

RAIL ROAD HORSE POWER AND

Over-Shot Thresher and Separator.

THE subscribers have on hand, and offers for sale at manufacturers prices and transportation, these Machines. For testimonials concerning the utility and superiority of this Thresher and Separator, and also the improved Rail Road Horse Power, we refer the public to the following persons who have purchased and tested this machine: Geo. Nicholson, Andrew Nicholson, Mr. Stacy and James Love, West Millcreek; Robert Evans and J. L. Cooper, East Millcreek; Calvin Leet and Alfred Leet, Harborcreek; David M'Creary, Fairview; Isaac P. Mills, Woodcock, Crawford county. Erie Sept 4-17 CLARK & McCARTER.

Feathers! Feathers!!

200 LBS. Live Geese Feathers for sale by
Erie Sept 18 1852—19 CLARK & METCALF.

INDEPENDENT LINE.

STEAMBOAT SUPERIOR will leave Erie for Fairport, Cleveland, Sandusky and Toledo in connection with the Michigan Southern Railroad.

Leaves Erie for Toledo every Saturday at 6, A. M.
" " " Buffalo " Wednesday at 6 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to J. Hearn & Co. Public Dock, or to JOHN KEENAN, general Steamboat Agent Office at R. J. Rogers Hat Store, State st., Erie. Sept 4 1f17

LADIES Black Silk Mitts, Long and short, just received at Erie, August 14. SWEENEY'S.

LADIES black, white and colored Silk Gloves; also, Lisle Thread Gloves, this day received at SWEENEY'S New York Cash Store. August 14.

BROWN Shirtings and Sheetings, this day received at SWEENEY'S New York Cash Store. Aug. 14

PEPPER, spice, nutmegs, ginger, saleratus, starch and molasses, for sale by SWEENEY, of the N. Y. Cash store. Aug. 14

The Fall Campaign

THE Empires are now receiving their fall stock, direct from the factories the largest ever we had, well suited to the trade of the city and country, purchased at as low rates as any jobbers in New York buy goods. Gents of the city and country you that boast of buying goods so low for cash, just bring on your New York bills of purchase and we will duplicate them at the same prices thus saving to the purchaser cost of freight and traveling expenses. Erie Sept. 18—19 CADWELL & BENNETT.

DR. MARCHISI'S UTERINE CATHOLICON.

THE discovery of the above preparation has established a new era in the history of the healing art; it is, in truth one of the greatest Medical discoveries of the age, because it will cure more than nine-tenths of a class of distressing diseases incidental to females in every stage of life, and which have heretofore resisted the best efforts of the Medical profession in all countries, to a degree beyond that of almost every other malady to which any portion of the human family is heir. The diseases to which we refer are usually known by the term of

Female Complaints,

and comprise all the derangements to which females are liable [illegible]. Among these are Prolapsus Uteri or Falling of the Womb; Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb; Incidental Hemorrhage, or Flooding; Fluor Albus, or Whites; Chlorosis; Painful, Suppressed, and Irregular Menstruation, &c., with all their accompanying evils, (cancer excepted) of whatever duration and severity. All these complaints can be permanently, safely, and certainly remedied by this preparation.

The claims of this Medicine to the confidence of the public are strengthened by the fact of its having received the approbation and liberal patronage of many prominent members of the Medical faculty in the United States, some of whom have voluntarily given letters of commendation, (see pamphlet) sustaining all that is claimed for the Catholicon as a curative agent.

Pamphlets containing much useful information touching the nature and symptoms of the above diseases, together with testimonials from Ladies of the highest respectability, as certified by the most satisfactory authority in the pamphlets, to all which the attention of Ladies and Practitioners is respectfully invited, can be had gratis at the store of CARTER & BROTHER, Druggists.

REFERENCES—P. B. Peckham, M. D. Utica N. Y.; L. D. Fleming, M. D. Canandaigua, N. Y.; M. H. Mills, M. D. Rochester, N. Y.; D. Y. Foote, M. D. Syracuse, N. Y.; Prof. Dunbar, M. D. Baltimore, Md.; J. C. Orrick, M. D. Baltimore, Md.; W. W. Reese, M. D. City of N. Y.; W. Prescott, M. D. Concord, N. H.

Central Depot, 304 Broadway New York. July 17 '52-6m10

THE DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY,

(of Philadelphia.)

ARE now doing business on the Mutual plan, giving the Insured a participation in the profits of the Company, without liability beyond the premium paid.

Risks upon the Lakes and Canals insured on the most favorable terms. Losses will be liberally and promptly adjusted.

Fire risks on merchandize, buildings and other property, in town or country, for a limited term or permanently.

DIRECTORS.

Joseph H. Seal,	James C. Hand,	Edmund A. Souder
Theophilus Paulding,	John C. Davis,	H. Jones Brooke,
Robert Burton,	John Garrett,	John B. Penrose,
Hugh Craig,	Samuel Edwards,	George Serrell,
Henry Lawrence,	David B. Stacey,	Edward Darlington,
Charles Kelley,	Isaac R. Davis,	J. G. Johnson,
William Folwell,	William Hay,	John Newlin,
Dr. S. Thomas,	Dr. R. M. Huston,	John Seller, Jr.,
	Spencer McIlvaine,	

Richard S. Newbould Secry. Wm. Martin Pres't

Application can be made to J. KELLOGG, Erie Agent.

Erie, Feb. 10, 1852.

The Erie County Mutual Insurance Company.

THIS Company divided their risks into two classes, viz.—First Class or *Farmers Company*, in which farm property and detached buildings may be insured. No risk taken in this class to exceed $2000.

Second Class or Commercial Department, in which various kinds of buildings, merchandize &c., in Villages and Cities, may be insured. No risk taken in this Class to exceed $2,500. The funds in one Class will not be taken to pay losses in another.

NO RISK TAKEN TO EXCEED $2,500.

Directors.

Smith Jackson,	James D. Dunlap,
J. H. Fullerton,	J. C. Marshall,
Wm. F. Rindernecht,	John Zimmerly,
Wm. A. Galbraith,	Peter E. Burton,
Jos. M. Sterrett,	J. D. Clark,
C. M. Tibbals,	Geo. Selden,
J. H. Williams.	

OFFICERS.

Smith Jackson, Pres't. J. H. Williams, Treas.
JONAS GUNNISON, Secr'y.

Office first door west of Williams & Wright's Brokers' office, (up stairs.)

Office hours from 10 to 12, A. M., and from half past 1 to 4, P. M.

May 22, 1852. 2

FISK'S PATENT METALIC BURIAL CASES.

THE Undersigned having secured the exclusive Agency for the sale of the above named Burial Cases, for Erie County, and deeming the article one which depends solely upon its own merits would respectfully solicit an inspection of the same at his

Ready-Made Coffin Ware-Room.

East side of State between 7 and 8 sts., over the Shiron Iron Company's store where satisfactory references and testimonials as to the excellence of the article can be given, which together with a personal inspection cannot but recommend them to the favorable consideration of all those who in the dispensation of Divine Providence have occasion for the use of a Coffin. The undersigned would here add that these cases are of a graceful form, and correspond in shape to the outlines of a human body, are highly ornamental, and regarded as less repulsive in their outward appearance than any other article used as receptacles for the dead; they are made of the most imperishable materials, are enameled inside and out so as not to rust or corrode, and when cemented together are perfectly air-tight, preventing the exhalation of offensive gases, so that when desired, the remains can be kept for weeks before burial, awaiting the arrival of absent friends; they are light and portable, at the same time being more or less ethereal, they possess more than sufficient strength to resist all the pressure of gasses from the body, which they are subject to while in use; and bodies may be disinterred even after a lapse of many years, and removed to any part of the country, without the slightest disagreeable odor arising from them.

In the use of these Burial Cases, the gratifying reflection is afforded to surviving friends and relatives, that the mortal remains of those once dearly beloved are enclosed and deposited where they will remain in peace, free from the irruption of water, the depredations of vermin, and comparatively beyond the unhallowed desecrations of dissectors, and will be permitted to undergo a transformation, or return to their native elements, from natural causes alone.

The undersigned has constantly on hand and for sale at his ware rooms as above: Rose-wood, Mahogany, Black-walnut, cloth covered, and all kinds of cheaper Coffins, of all sizes, all ready for immediate use, also shrouds of all sizes, for both sexes.

N. B. He is prepared to take the general superintendence of funerals, and furnish Hearse and Carriages if desired.

Erie July 17 1852. 10 ALLEN A. CRAIG.

EYE INFIRMARY.

DR. C. J. FOX, of New York City, has located permanently in the city of Erie, for the treatment and cure of Diseases of the Eye, in all their varieties and stages. Having assisted and been in active practice for several years in the various departments of the science of Medicine, he flatters himself that all diseases admitting of cure, may be accomplished under his treatment.

REFERENCES.—Prof. Mott and Faculty of New York; Prof. March and Faculty of Albany Medical College; Dr. Leach, Eye Infirmary, Utica, N. Y.

Office with Dr. Brownell, No. 3, Hughes' Block.

Erie, June 5. 4.

W. C. BRAILEY.

WOULD say to horse owners that he has the secret of nearly the entire race of patent remedies for horses, and with a number of years practice will be able to give satisfaction generally either as a farrier or Surgeon.

Please call at my office at the Canal Stable near the outlet lock of the Erie Extension Canal, and judge for yourselves.

Jan. 3, 1851—1y11

HURRAH FOR THE CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

BILL.—Why, John what do you hollo for?

John.—Oh if I should tell you all about it you would halloo worse than I did.

Bill.—Then tell me quick.

John.—Why, I was at JACOB KOCH'S Clothing Store, No. 7, Reed House, and such a sight, and such a selling, and such a crowd you never saw before. He sells Clothing twenty-five per cent cheaper than any other store this side of New York.

Bill.—Well, what has he got?

John.—He has all kinds of Coat you can imagine, from a fine black dress Coat, down to a linen Coat; and in Vests he can't be beat. He has Satin Vests of all kinds, and has Velvet and Cloth Vests also, the best and prettiest you ever saw;—and he has the greatest assortment of Pants, in Erie, and he has them cloudy Pants, that new style just come out this Spring, and what else do you think he has? Why, a whole lot of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, and a man can go and get his measure taken for a whole suit for little or nothing.

Bill.—You have told me so much that I am bound to go there and buy.

John.—Now, hold on, I have not told you all yet. He has the best assortment of Collars, Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Traveling Bags and Umbrellas I ever saw.

Bill.—Now, I have but thirty-five dollars with me, but I will go and buy that much at any rate before he sells all.

John.—I bought a little, only forty five dollars worth and I can hardly carry them alone; but I am going home now, to get some more money and tell all the neighbors about, for I know its to their advantage, and you must know that most of the storekeepers keep the New York made Clothing, but he has the Cutter in the store and gets every thing made here.

Bill.—Now I know that they don't half sew goods in N. York.

John.—And another thing he sells only for cash, and I like it first rate, because it is always best to pay for what you get. Now, I tell what his Motto is, a good one too—"Quick Sales and Small Profits." Well good bye to you, but don't forget it is No. 7, Reed House, North side of the Diamond.

Erie, April 17, 1852. 49

CALIFORNIA STORE

G. LOOMIS has removed to No. 4, Brown's Block, and is now opening a new and one of the most rich and splendid assortments of Fine Watches, Jewelry, and Silver Ware that was ever offered in this city, embracing a great variety of Watches of different Escapements, both gold and silver, and the latest style of Chains, Seals, and Keys to match together with the most fashionable Jewelry, consisting of fine gold diamond, ruby, pearl and topaz Finger Rings, ruby and pearl Broaches and Earpendants, Bracelets, &c. Also, Gold Lockets, gold and silver Pencils, gold Pens, dessert and tea spoons, Sugar Tongs and Scoops, Napkin Rings and Portmonies, an assortment of rich Plated Ware, Cruets, Tea Setts, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Ladles, Candlesticks, and a great variety of Fancy and other Goods, both useful and ornamental; Clocks of all descriptions from $1 25 to $20, all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest and a little cheaper for ready pay. The attention of the former customers of G. Loomis and the public generally is invited to this notice. June 5

YEAST POWDERS—Preston, Merrill's, Durkee's and Bogardus Yeast Powder, for sale at MOORE'S Grocery,

Erie June 26 1852-7 Opposite Brown's New Hotel state st.

RAGS! RAGS!!

WANTED at J. B. Gunnison & Co's New Bookstore Erie, July 21.

BRANDY, Gin, Rum, Port, Madeira and Sherry Wines of all grades and prices. Now just received 20 cases Claret Wine for sale low at J. G. & W. J. Mills.

June 5 No. 3, Williams Block, Erie, Pa.

Cash or Butter.

WE will pay cash for any quantity of fresh Butter, delivered at our store, Hughes' block.

Erie Sept 4 1852—17 LANDON & RIBLET.

Livery and Sale Stable.

THE subscribers having bought out the interest of H. G. Sessions in the establishment on Eight street between State and French, would give notice that they are now fully and amply supplied with horses, and different varieties of carriages, of the very best description. Their stock is almost entirely new, and consequently of the first rate character. Public patronage is respectfully invited.

Persons wishing to purchase horses will find a full supply for that purpose constantly on hand.

Erie, July 24, 1852. A. F. NORCROSS,
E. T. M'CANN.

$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every person will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children, and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices. I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure you that WORMS, according to the opinion of the most celebrated physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable; if you have an appetite continually changeable from one thing to another, Bad Breath, pain in the stomach, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and fullness of the Belly, dry Cough, slow Fever, Pulse irregular—remember that all these denote WORMS.

HOBENSACK'S WORM SYRUP.

An article founded upon Scientific principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where *Bowel Complaints and Diarrhoea* have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such, that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with Dyspepsia, the astonishing cures performed by this Syrup after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

THE TAPE WORM!

This is the most difficult Worm to destroy of all that infest the human system; it grows to an almost indefinite length becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach effecting the health so sadly as to cause St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is *Tape Worm* hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of 2 Tablespoonfulls three times a day; these directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of *Tape Worm*.

HOBENSACK'S LIVER PILLS.

No part of the system is more liable to disease than the LIVER, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood, or giving the proper secretion to the bile; so that any wrong action of the Liver effects the other important parts of the system, and results variously, in Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should, therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate the wrong action of the Liver. These Pills being composed of ROOTS AND PLANTS furnished by nature to heal the sick; Namely, 1st, an EXPECTORANT, which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane, or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2nd, an ALTERATIVE, which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the system. 3rd, a TONIC which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, a CATHARTIC, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients, and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

TO FEMALES.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstructions, either total or partial, they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularity, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c.

None genuine unless signed J. N. Hobensack, all others being base imitation.

Agents wishing new supplies, and Store Keepers desirous of becoming Agents must address the Proprietor, J. N. Hobensack, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by all Merchants and Druggists in the U. S. Agents—Carter & Brother, Erie, Wholesale and Retail Agents. Forker, Mercer; Fisk & Hall, Cleveland Ohio. Price each 25 cents.

G. W. Keyser, No. 140 Wood St., Pittsburg, Wholesale Agt., who will supply Agents at the Proprietors prices.

August 21 1852 1y15

NAILS AND IRON.

AT THE MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.

Store No. 6, State St.

THE Sharon Iron Co. have taken a store in town, where they intend keeping a full supply of all the different kinds and sizes of iron they make, and also a complete assortment of Nails.

Persons who have used the Nails and Iron of this Company need not be told that none better are made east or west of here.

Erie, Sept. 6—17

SUGAR, 11 hhd. New Orleans Porto Rico and Muscovada Sugar just received, and for sale by the hhd., bbl., or pound cheaper than ever. Call and see W. F. RINDERNECHT.

May 22 2

10 BBLS. different grades of refined Sugars, very nice and cheap, just received by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

May 22, 1852. 2

10 HHDS. Molasses just received, and selling from 3 to 4 shillings per gal., also 20 bbls. Molasses, to sell by the bbl., very low. W. F. RINDERNECHT.

May 22, 1852. 2

10 BBLS., Stewarts' Sugar Syrup, for sale cheap by W. F. RINDERNECHT.

May 22, 1852. 2

50 BAGS Rio, Cape, Laguira, and Java Coffee, just received and for sale as cheap as the cheapest.

May 22.—2 W. F. RINDERNECHT.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

WILLIAM BEATTY & M. SANFORD have this day formed a copartnership as Brokers and Collection and Exchange Brokers, under the firm of M. SANFORD & CO. Office in "Beatty's Block," between State and Peach streets, Public Square.

Erie, Jan. 1st, 1851. n11

MONEYS remitted to the Old Country on the most favorable terms, on our responsibility. M. SANFORD & CO.

Feb. 22 1851. Beatty's Block Erie Pa.

Engraving on Wood.

THE subscriber is prepared to execute all orders in his line: Drawing and Engraving Landscapes, views of Hotels, Stores, Factories, Machinery, Societies' Seals, Business Cards, Show Bills, &c., &c.

Orders attended to without delay, charges moderate.

Fredonia, July 27, 1852. M. S. PETTIT.

ERIE CITY CROCKERY STORE.

No. 9 Brown's Block.

STATE STREET, JOINING EMPIRE STORE.

WILL be kept constantly on hand, a large and well selected assortment of Crockery, Glass Ware &c., comprising White Iron Stone China, Mulberry Ware, Light Blue Ware, also White and Gilt Band china, in fact every thing to make out complete Dining, Tea and Toilet Setts.

COMMON WARE.

A large assortment in all its varieties, also, Yellow and Rockingham Ware of the latest Styles.

GLASS WARE.—We have no hesitation, in saying that our Stock of Glass Ware is unsurpassed by any this side the Atlantic cities, to enumerate all would be almost impossible, however we will give a few articles, viz. Looking Glasses of every size and variety; large cut Glass Dishes, Vases, celery Dishes Sugars, Salts, Goblets, Wine Glasses, Lemonades, Decanters, and Tumblers of all sorts and sizes, also Glass by the box.

Silver Plated Ware, Tea and Coffee Setts, Castors &c., also Britannia Ware of all Kinds; the above will be sold for cash as low as can be bought this side New York.

May 22.—2 CADWELL & BENNETT.

Land For Sale &c.

THE subscriber has two farms to sell, both eligibly located for farming purposes, and convenient to market, well timbered, watered and adapted in proper portions to grain and grass. Persons desiring to make good locations had better call before the chance is gone. One of them is a small place containing about 40 and the other 110 to 120 acres more or less.

Cash paid for Bounty Land warrants or located by me.

West Springfield, Erie Co., Pa., May 16th 1852. n11
GILBERT HURD.

Keystone Paper Mills,

ERIE, PA.

PERKINS & SELDEN

MR. ELIHU MARVIN having disposed of his interest in the above establishment, and in the business of Marvin & Perkins, to Samuel Selden, the business will hereafter be conducted by the subscribers under the name of Perkins & Selden, who will settle all accounts of the late firm.

RUFUS L. PERKINS. SAMUEL SELDEN.

LIQUORS.

I HAVE on hand the best assortment of Liquors *in this city*, from the best Cogniacs down to 25 cent Whiskey.

Feb. 21, 1852. T. W. MOORE, State St.

CIGARS, 20,000 Imported Cigars from $12 to $40 per thousand for sale at Erie June 12 1852—7 MOORE'S Grocery.

STEWARTS' Syrup, Porto Rico and New Orleans Molasses for sale cheap at June 26 1852—7. MOORE'S Grocery.

DURKEE'S Baking Powder by the gross or doz. for sale by J. G. & W. J. Mills,

June No. 3, Williams Block, Erie, Pa.

100 Barrels New Salt, just received and for sale by Erie, July 31. STERRETT & GRAY.

2000 LBS. Good Cod Fish; also, White Fish, Trout, Mackeral, Rice, etc, etc, just received fresh at

July 31 STERRETT & GRAY.

1 CASE of 2,000 yards Madder colored prints at 6¼ cts. per yard—colors warranted at

Erie May 1 1852. 51 TIBBALS & HAYES.

MORE six penny Prints and shilling Ginghams, just received, one case 2000 yards of those 6¼ Madder Prints, colors warranted perfectly fast, also, 1000 yards plain Ginghams at 12½ cts. per yard. June 12 1852 5 TIBBALS & HAYES.

NUTS of all kinds for sale by J. G. & W. J. Mills,
No. 3, Williams Block, Erie, Pa

LADIES fine Shoes and Gaiter Boots, in every variety, of new styles at May 1 1852. 51 TIBBALS & HAYES

GENTS. Cotton Half Hose, by the dozen or single pair at the New York Cash Store. J. SWEENEY.

1 CASE 1,500 yds. Muslin DeLains at 1s of a handsome style. Erie May 1 1852. 51 TIBBALS & HAYES.

GENTS Cravats Scarfs and Neck Ties, of every style at May 29.—2 JACKSONS.

LADIES' BUSKINS—Walking shoes and slips, a good article and for sale cheap at July 17—10 COOK'S.

For the Fall Trade.

CLARK & METCALF are ready to exhibit *NEW GOODS* at their prevailing low prices, and to renew their pledge to the buying community to sell them goods cheaper than can be bought at any other store in Erie. Please notice that when we assert a thing we *mean* it. Ladies and Gents avail yourselves of the bargains as they present themselves. New goods coming every week through the remainder of the season. Our purchases are *MADE STRICTLY WITH CASH*, at as low rates as any New York Jobber can buy. Merchants from the country please note this fact, and when you buy goods at Erie call at

Aug 21 1852. 15 No. 1 Reed House.

TO PRINTERS.

JUST received at No. 9, Brown's Block, by the subscribers, a large assortment of Mather's superior

Fine Book, Job, and News Ink,

in 20, 25 and 30 lb kegs, and in cans of 1lb each—Also: Red Green and Blue Ink. Those in want cannot find a better article.

Erie July 17, 1852. 10 DURLIN & SLOAN

HAY STRAW, and Corn Stock Cutter, an article that every person owning a Horse or Cow should have, for Sale at the Agricultural Warehouse of
CLARK & M'CARTER.
May 22, 1852, 2

WOOL! WOOL!! WOOL!!!

Wanted at the Millcreek Woollen Factory.

THE subscriber having taken Mr. John Jowett into partnership in the Manufacturing Business, at his old stand in Millcreek township, where they are prepared to manufacture any quantity of wool into cloth, cassimere, blankets, flannel, &c., on shares or by the yard, as well as any other establishment in the country, having as good cards as can be got up in Western Pennsylvania.

Carding and spinning done for 8 cents a run of their own Wool. Carding Rolls 4 cents per lb. cloth dressing done in any style that is wanted on short notice.

Carpets washed and colors retained for extra pay, or washed with soap at the owners risk.

N. B.—Persons leaving Wool at John Wing's, Eagle Village, to card, will have it taken on Saturday and returned the next, or carpets the same.

Millcreek, July 3, 1852 8 CYRUS REED,
JOHN JOWETT.

A DISCOVERY TO BLESS THE WORLD.

L. A. PAGE'S ANODYNE OIL, A SURE CURE FOR THE PILES.

A POSITIVE remedy is now known for this most [illegible] disease, in L. A. Page's ANODYNE OIL. [illegible] expect to be believed until evidence is exhibited [illegible] made. Procure a pamphlet from the agent and [illegible] if your faith is still wavering, still we entreat you [illegible] bottle, and confirm the [illegible] your own experience [illegible] have doubted like you, and by a trial, are now rejoicing [illegible] [illegible]. The use of one bottle will either [illegible] that another will accomplish the work. [illegible] by the dozen. This is applied to the seat of the disease [illegible] and heals the soreness all at the same time [illegible] [illegible] with his [illegible] cured by the Anodyne Oil. The directions [illegible] and [illegible] the sufferer who will not try it [illegible] Seneca st., Buffalo N. Y.

[illegible] Brother and J. H. Burton & Co. Druggists [illegible] Charles L. Yates [illegible]

Erie, May 8 1852. 1852 [illegible] Manufacturer.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

JAUNDICE, DYSPEPSIA, CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS,

AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED LIVER OR STOMACH, SUCH AS CONSTIPATION, INWARD PILES, FULLNESS OR BLOOD TO THE HEAD, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, NAUSEA, HEART-BURN, DISGUST FOR FOOD, FULLNESS OR WEIGHT IN THE STOMACH, SOUR ERUCTATIONS, SINKING OR FLUTTERING AT THE PIT OF THE STOMACH, SWIMMING OF THE HEAD, HURRIED AND DIFFICULT BREATHING, FLUTTERING AT THE HEART, CHOKING OR SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS WHEN IN A LYING POSTURE, DIMNESS OF VISION, DOTS OR WEBS BEFORE THE SIGHT, FEVER AND DULL PAIN IN THE HEAD, DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION, YELLOWNESS OF THE SKIN AND EYES, PAIN IN THE SIDE, BACK, CHEST, LIMBS, &C., SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT, BURNING IN THE FLESH, CONSTANT IMAGININGS OF EVIL AND GREAT DEPRESSION OF SPIRITS, can be effectually cured by

DR. HOOFLAND'S CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS,

PREPARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

AT THE GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, 120 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

From the "Boston Bee."

The editor said, Dec. 22nd—

Dr. Hoofland's Celebrated German Bitters for the cure of Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, is deservedly one of the most popular medicines of the day. These Bitters have been used by thousands, and a friend at our elbow says he has himself received an effectual and permanent cure of Liver Complaint from the use of this remedy. We are convinced that, in the use of these Bitters, the patient constantly gains strength and vigor—a fact worthy of great consideration. They are pleasant in taste and smell, and can be used by persons with the most delicate stomachs with safety, under any circumstances. We are speaking from experience, and to the afflicted we advise their use.

"SCOTT'S WEEKLY," one of the best Literary papers published, said, Aug. 25—

"DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS, manufactured by Dr. Jackson, are now recommended by some of the most prominent members of the faculty as an article of much efficacy in cases of female weakness. As such is the case, we would advise all mothers to obtain a bottle, and thus save themselves much sickness. Persons of debilitated constitutions will find these Bitters advantageous to their health, as we know from experience the salutary effect they have upon weak systems."

MORE EVIDENCE.

The "Philadelphia Saturday Gazette," the best family newspaper published in the United States, the editor says of

DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

"It is seldom that we recommend what are termed Patent Medicines, to the confidence and patronage of our readers; and therefore when we recommend Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, we wish it to be distinctly understood that we are not speaking of the nostrums of the day, that are noised about for a brief period and then forgotten after they have done their guilty race of mischief, but of a medicine long established, universally prized, and which has met the hearty approval of the Faculty itself."

Evidence upon evidence has been received (like the foregoing) from all sections of the Union, the last three years, and the strongest testimony in its favor, is, that there is more of it used in the practice of the regular Physicians of Philadelphia, than all other nostrums combined, a fact that can easily be established, and fully proving that a scientific preparation will meet with their quiet approval when presented even in this form.

That this medicine will cure Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, no one can doubt, after using it as directed. It acts specifically upon the stomach and liver—it is preferable to calomel in all bilious diseases—the effect is immediate. They can be administered to females or infants, with safety and reliable benefit at any time.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

This medicine has attained that high character which is necessary for all medicines to attain to induce counterfeiters to put forth a spurious article at the risk of the lives of those who are innocently deceived.

Look well to the marks of the Genuine

They have the written signature of C. M. JACKSON upon the wrapper, and the name blown in the bottle, *without which they are spurious.*

For sale Wholesale and Retail at the

GERMAN MEDICINE STORE,

No. 1[illegible] [illegible] street, [illegible] Sixth, Philadelphia, [illegible] by respectable dealers generally throughout the country.

PRICES REDUCED.

To enable all classes of invalids to enjoy the advantages of their great restorative powers.

Single Bottle 75 Cents.

Also for sale by Carter & Brother, Druggists, Erie, Pa.; Lamson & Goff, Mercer; [illegible] Corners, Pa.; and I. Curtis, Waterford.

Jan 2, 1852—31

To the Inhabitants of Harborcreek, North East, Greenfield and all others in Erie County.

TAKE NOTICE!!

W. M. RINDERNECHT of Erie [illegible] stock of [illegible] [illegible] Harborcreek [illegible] and Brown [illegible]

R. RINDERNECHT & JONES.

[illegible] Crockery, Glass Ware, Hardware, Nails, [illegible] [illegible] place. Our Motto [illegible] Wanted in exchange for goods, Cash, Butter, Eggs, [illegible] Corn, Flour, Beans, dried Apples and Peaches, [illegible] &c. &c. March 27, 1852.

BUILDER'S DEPOT.

IMPROVEMENTS,

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Dressed Flooring, Siding, Shingles, Building Timber, Nails, Paints, &c., &c.

HAVING enlarged our buildings and procured the latest improvements in the most perfected kinds of Machinery for the manufacture of Doors, Sash and Blinds, and also engaged the most competent Mechanics, we intend keeping on hand and making to order every article in that line. We have also on hand and intend to enlarge our stock, several hundred thousand feet of Lumber, consisting of clear Pine, Poplar, Whitewood, Cucumber, Oak and Ash, seasoned and in process of seasoning, so as to insure the durability of our work. Persons who contemplate building will find it both convenient and advantageous to call on us, as we intend to meet the reasonable wants and wishes of all the people of the improving part of the community.

CARTER & BROTHER, No. 6 Reed House.

Lumber Yard, Planing Mill and Factory, on Eleventh street east of Vincent & Himrod's Furnace. Erie June 26 1852—7

CHAIN, Well and Cistern Pumps, all sizes and prices at MURPHEY'S,

Erie, May 15th, 1852. on Park Row.

EMBROIDERED Collars, Cuffs, and Undersleeves, Muslin and Cambric Edgings and Insetings, an extensive assortment for sale cheap at May 22. JACKSONS.

House and Lot for Sale.

THIS House and Lot is situated on the [illegible] fifth and [illegible] street, formerly owned and occupied by Irvin [illegible] large, and convenient House with a good Barn and a Superior Garden, and choice fruits. Persons wishing to purchase can apply to the subscriber on the premises.

Erie August 21 1852—1115 P. P. CADY.

Every family should have a copy.

Valuable book only 25 cts. per copy—Man know thyself.

DR. HUNTER'S Medical manual and hand book for the afflicted. Containing an outline of the origin, progress, treatment and Cure of every form of disease, contracted by promiscuous sexual intercourse, by self abuse, or by sexual excess, with advice for their prevention, written in a familiar style [illegible] all medical technicalities, and everything that would offend the ear of decency, from the result of some twenty years successful practice, exclusively devoted to the cure of disease of a delicate or private nature. To which is added, receipts for the cure of the above diseases, and a treatise on the causes, symptoms and cure of the Fever and Ague. For 25 cents a copy; six copies $1 will be forwarded to any part of the United States by mail, free of postage. Address post paid Cox Box Post Office, or to Dr. Hunter, No. 38 North Seventh street Philadelphia. Sept 4 1852 1y17

FIFTY DOLLARS FORFEIT.—Dr. Hunter will forfeit $50 if failing to cure any case of secret disease that may come under his care, no matter how long standing or afflicting. Either sex are invited to his private rooms, 38 North Seventh street, Phila., without fear of interruption from other patients. Strangers and others who have been unfortunate in the selection of a Physician are invited to call.

IMPOTENCY.—Through unrestrained indulgence of the passions, by excess of self-abuse, the evils are numerous, [illegible] impotency, involuntary seminal discharges, wasting [illegible] loss of memory, a distaste for female society, general debility, or constitutional derangement, are sure to follow. If necessary, consult the Doctor with confidence; he offers a perfect cure.

READ AND REFLECT.—The afflicted would do well to reflect before trusting their health, happiness, and in many cases their lives, in the hands of physicians ignorant of this class of maladies. It is certainly impossible for one man to understand all the ills the human family are subject to. Every respectable physician has his peculiar branch, in which he is more successful than his brother professors, and to that he devotes most of his time and study. Years of practice, exclusively devoted to the study and treatment of diseases of the sexual organs, together with ulcers upon the body, throat, nose, or legs, pains in the head, or bones, mercurial rheumatism, strictures, gravel, irregularities, diseases arising from youthful excesses, or impurities of the blood, whereby the constitution has become enfeebled, enables the Doctor to offer speedy relief to all who may place themselves under his care.

Medicine forwarded to any part of the United States.—Price five and ten dollars per package. Sept 4 1852 1y17

Stockton and Fuller,

ARE opening to-day, a large stock of splendid diamond and other rich Jewelry, Watches, Silver ware &c., to which they invite attention. Sept. 2, 1852.

New Goods! New Goods!!

NOW opening a large amount of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, only a few days from the city, and not surpassed for style and designs as they are of the latest importation.

Erie Sept 4 1852—19 JOHN B. COOK.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

THE Empires have commenced receiving their Fall stock of Goods, and within a few days will have a very large stock at very low prices. Aug 21 '52 15 CADWELL & BENNETT.